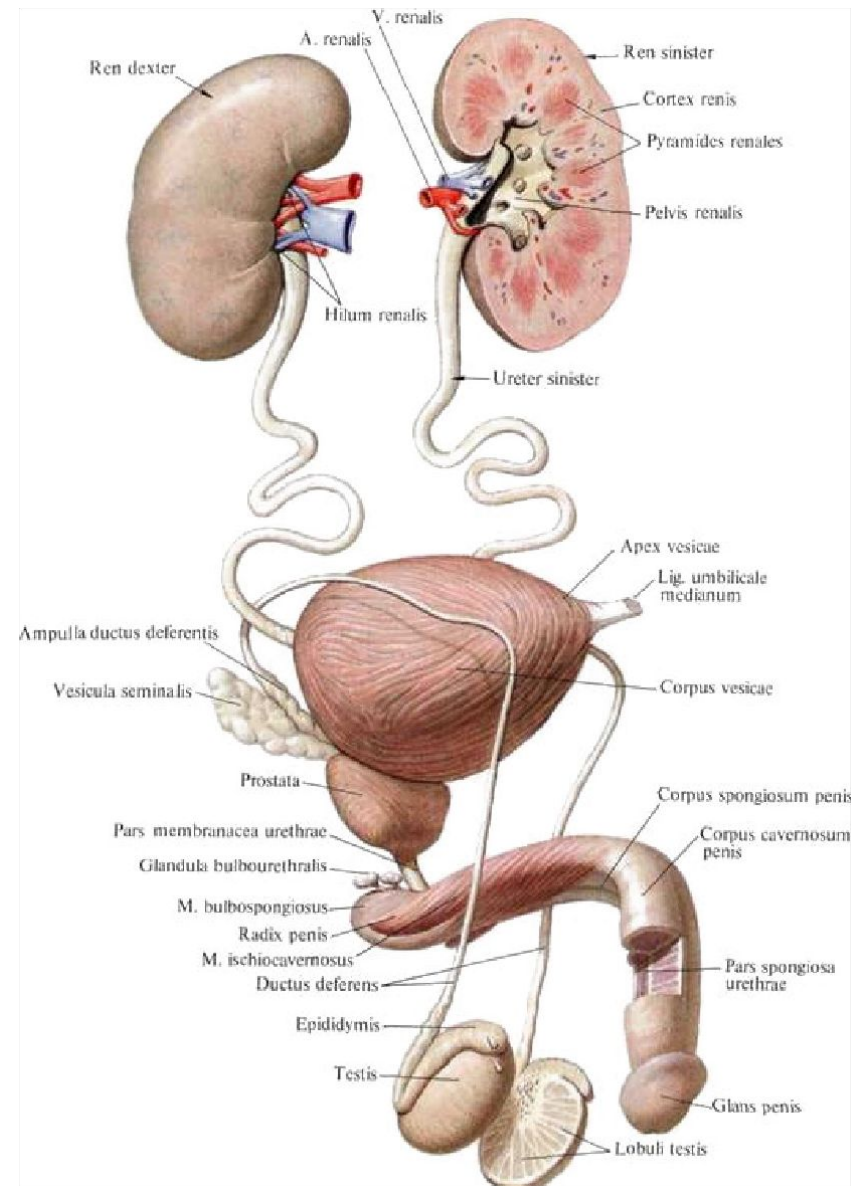
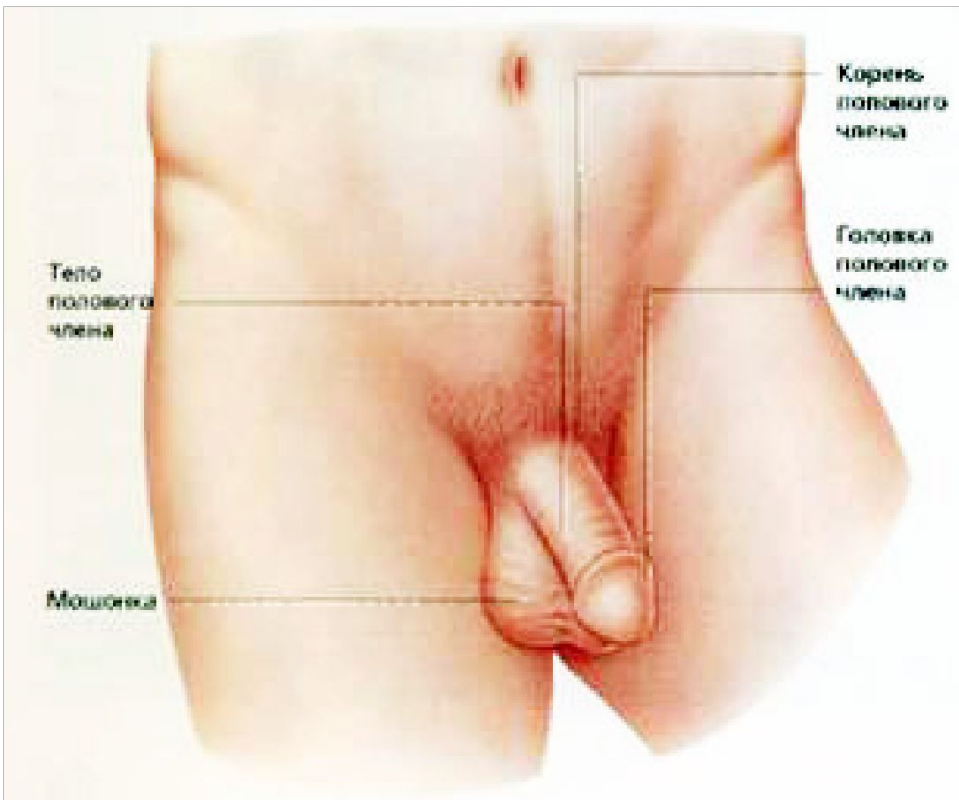
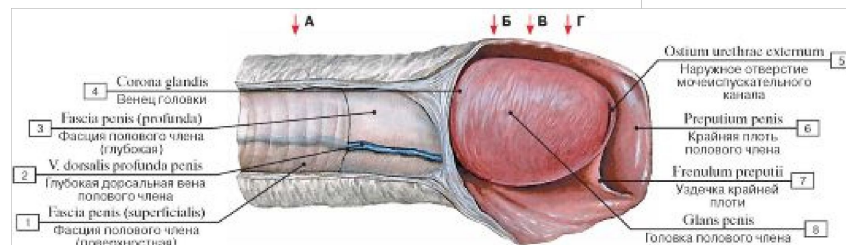
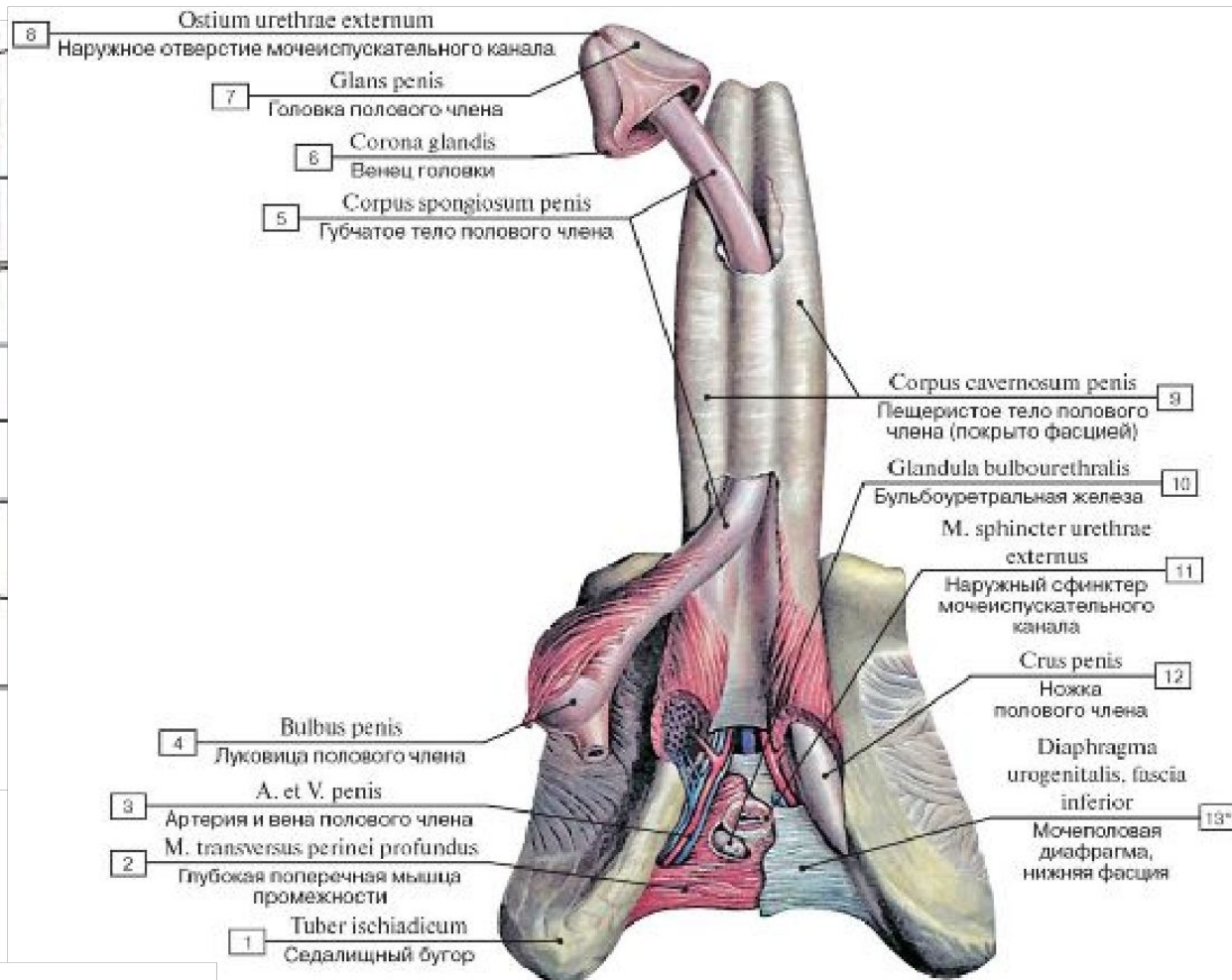
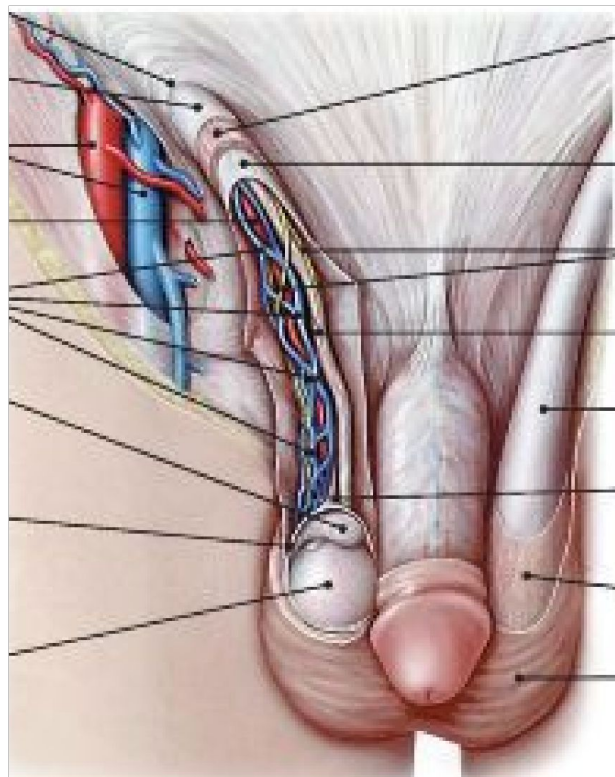


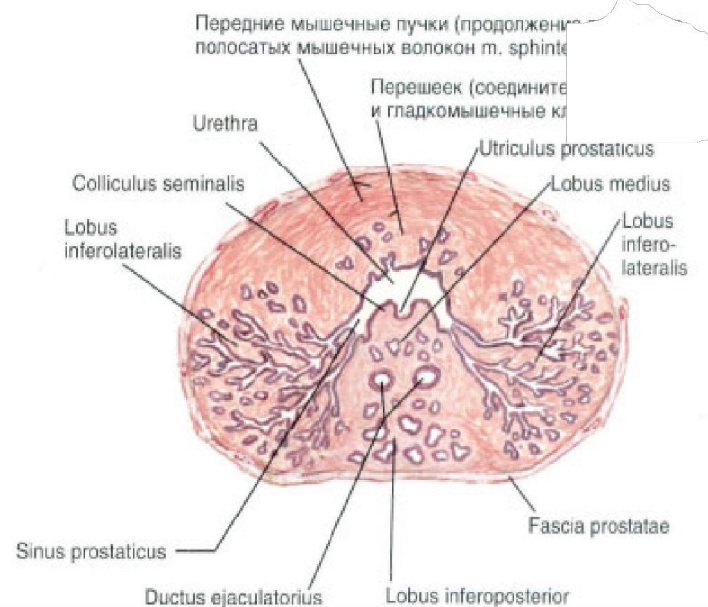
МУЖСКИЕ ПОЛОВЫЕ ОРГАНЫ



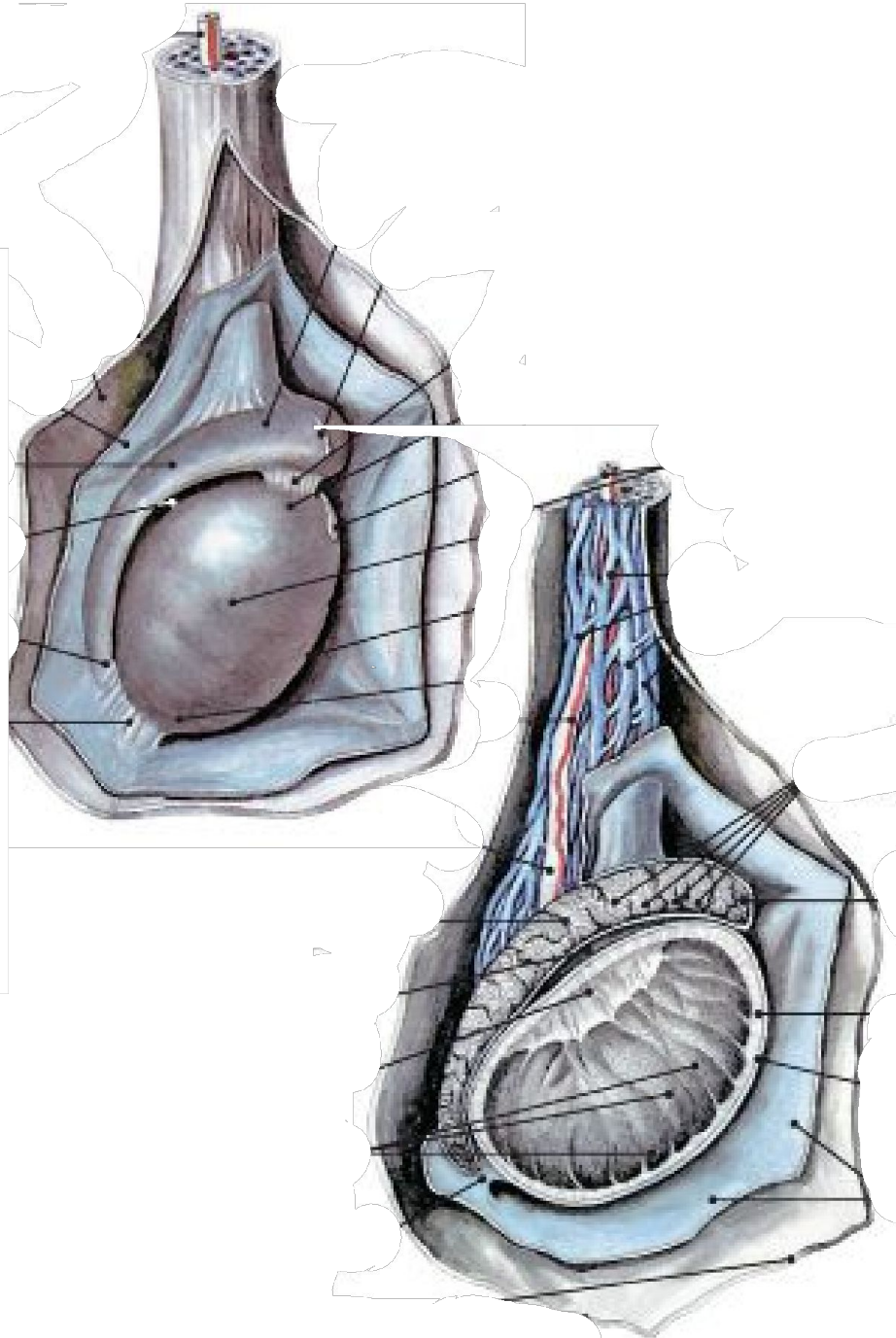
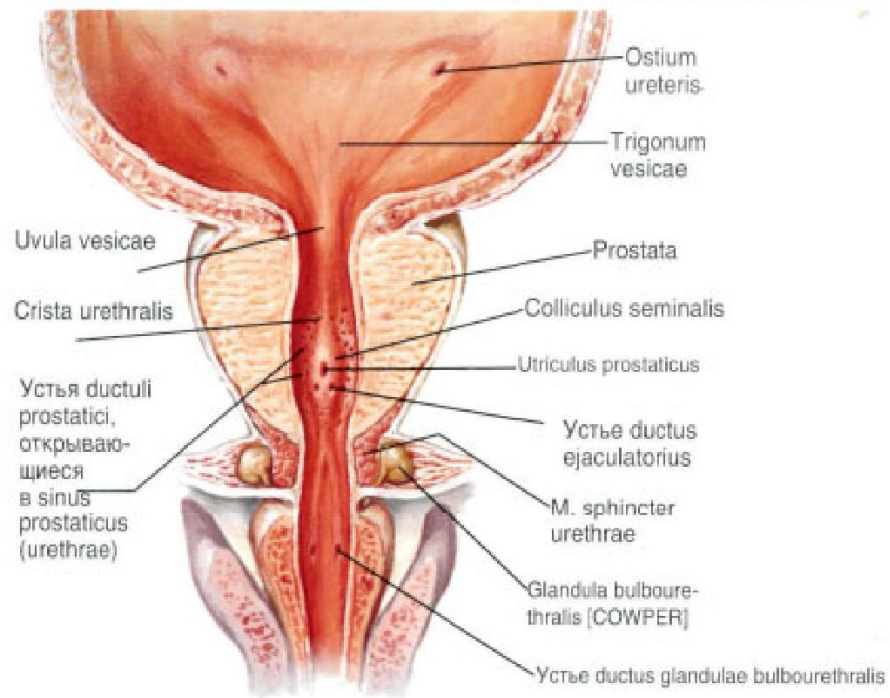




Поперечный срез предстательной железы



Предстательная железа и семенные пузырьки (фронтальный срез)



This anatomical diagram illustrates the male reproductive duct system and a cross-section of the testis. On the left, the ductus deferens is shown as a long, thin tube. It is connected to the epididymis, which is divided into three parts: the caput (head), corpus (body), and cauda (tail). The ductus deferens joins the ductus aberrans, which then leads to the rete testis (also known as the mediastinum testis). The rete testis is a network of ducts that leads to the ductuli efferentes, which are small ducts that lead to the lobuli testis (testicular lobules). The testis is shown in cross-section, revealing the internal structure, including the septula testis (testicular septa) and the tunica albuginea (the outer layer of the testis). The lobuli testis are the individual lobes of the testis. The diagram is labeled with various anatomical terms in Latin and English.

Ductuli efferentes

Ductulus aberrans

Rete testis (a mediastinum testis)

Septula testis

Tunica albuginea

Lobuli testis

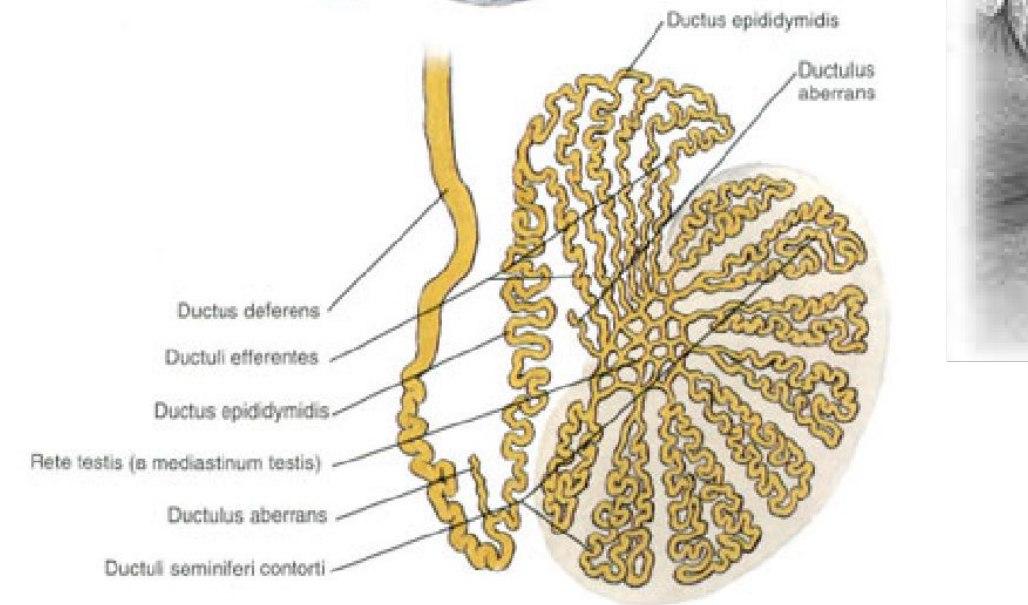
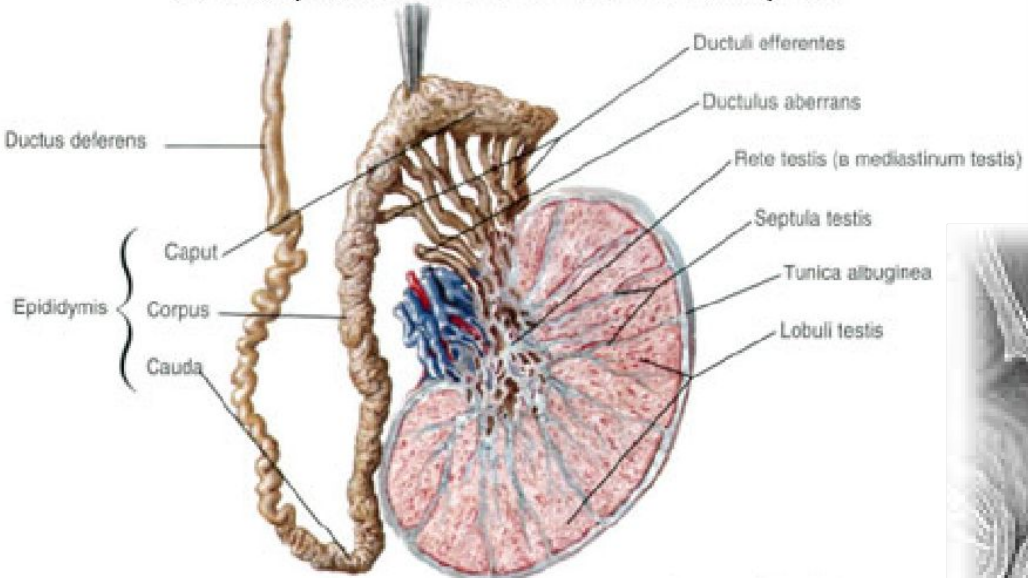
Ductus deferens

Epididymis

Caput

Corpus

Cauda



Схема

