LECTURE 11

Module structure

The role of government & market failures

- The size of government L1
- Public goods L2
- Externalities L3

Public choice

Political economy L4

Taxation

- Tax incidence, excess burden L5
- Income tax L6
- Fiscal decentralization L7

Welfare and public policy

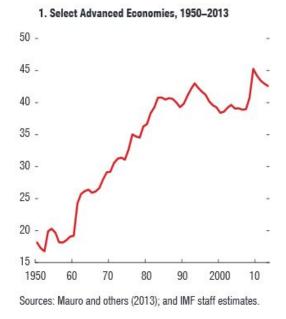
- Health insurance L8
- Income redistribution L9
- Social insurance & labor supply L10

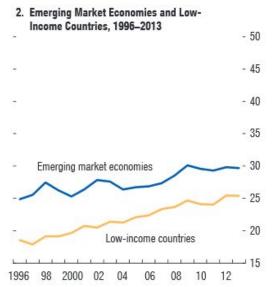
Growth of the public sector

Background: Growth of public spending



Figure 2.1. General Government Expenditure (Percent of GDP)





Demand side

- Demand for public goods
- Regulations
- Costs

Supply side

Political reasons

- Demand for redistribution (inequality, fairness)
- Ratchet effects
- Fairness

Public goods

Efficient provision

VS

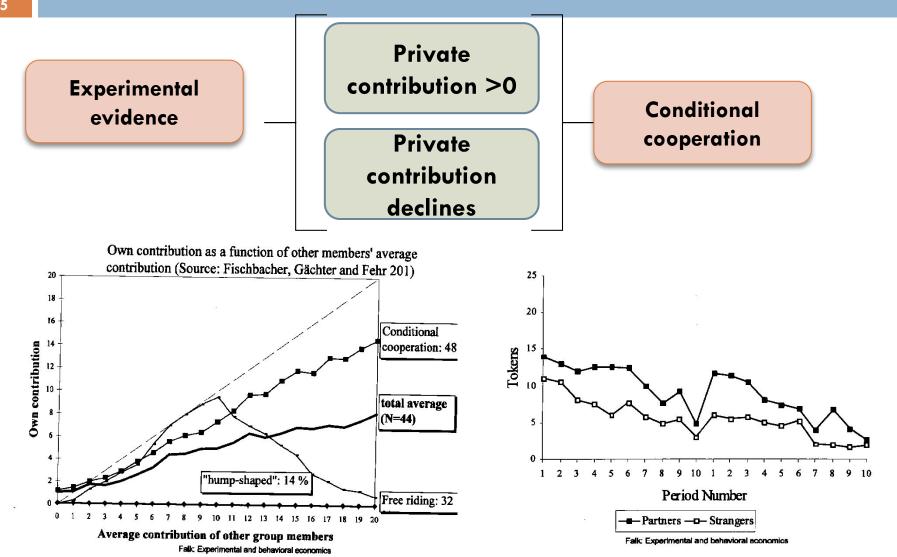
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Market provision

$$MRS_{ra}^{Adam} + MRS_{ra}^{Eve} = MRT_{ra}$$

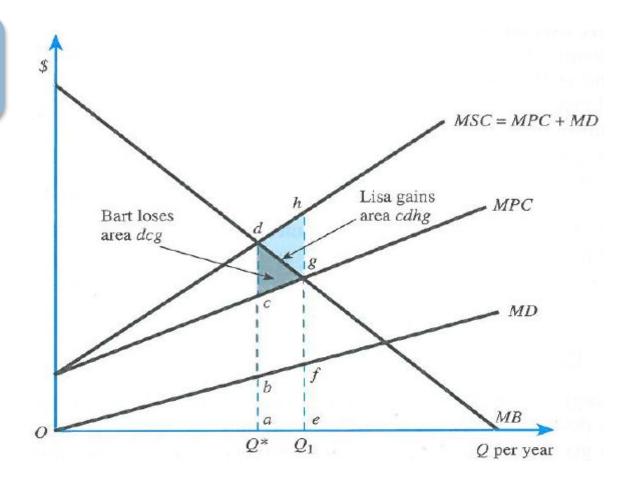
$$MRS_{ra}^{Adam} = MRT_{ra}$$

Public goods

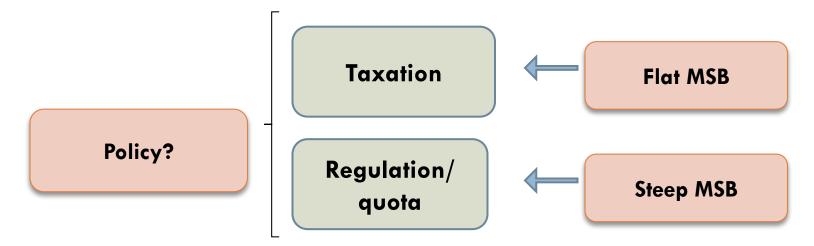


Externalities

Private sector solution, DWL

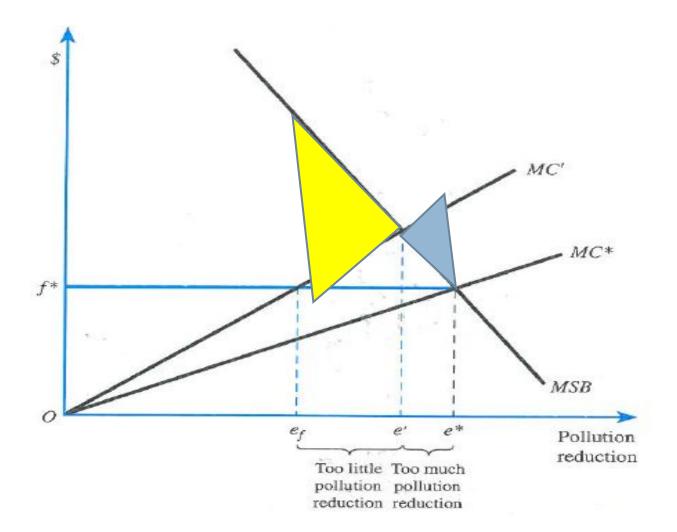


Externalities



Example: Global warming

☐ What policy options exist, how efficient they are etc.



How to aggregate individual preferences?

Majority rule



Condorcet winner

Cycling

Efficiency of the Condorcet winner

Brad	Jen	Angelina
A	C	В
В	A	С
С	В	Α

Median voter theorem

Single-peakedne ss

Implications

Voting

Arrow impossibility theorem

Runoff voting



Select Condorcet winner?

Increased popularity and defeat

Plurality voting



Select Condorcet winner?

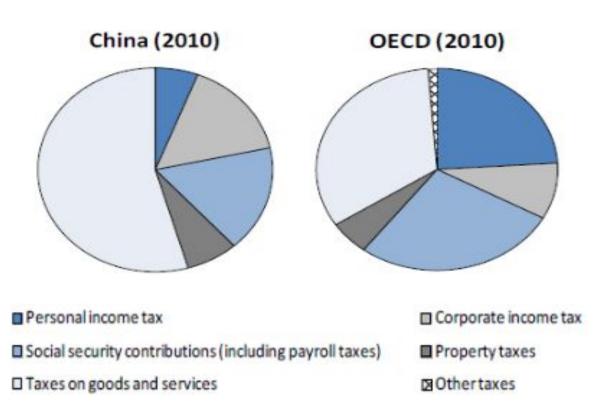
Strategic voting

Borda voting



Select Condorcet winner?

How to finance the growing public sector?



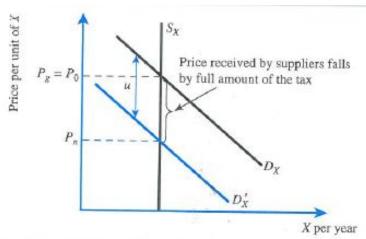
Consumption

taxation

Tax incidence

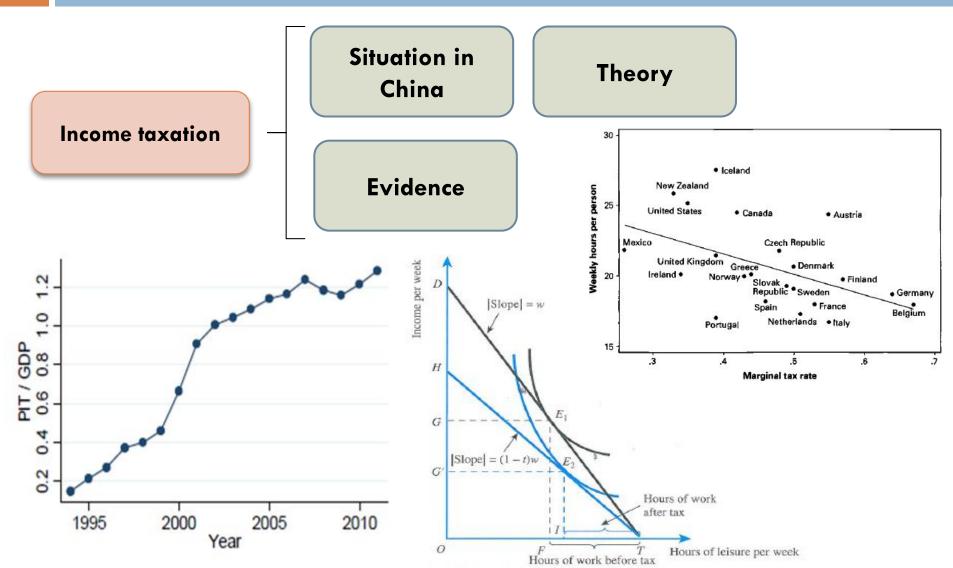
Excess burden

Ramsey rule



$$fid = \frac{1}{2} \eta P_b q_1 t_b^2$$

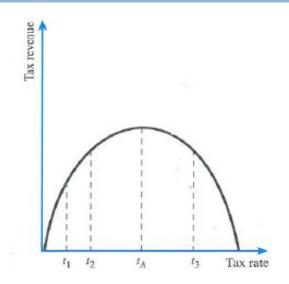
$$\frac{t_x}{t_y} = \frac{\eta_y}{\eta_x}$$



Income taxation

Laffer curve

Housing decisions



Income tax vs. consumption tax

Inequality and growth

	GDP growth	Inequality
Personal Income tax		++
Consumption tax	-	

Fiscal decentralization

Arguments for/against decentralization



- Tiebout
- Local preferences
- Competition
- Experimentation
- Economies of scale
- Equity / tax competition

Decentralization reforms in China



Critical assessment

Decentralization and economic growth



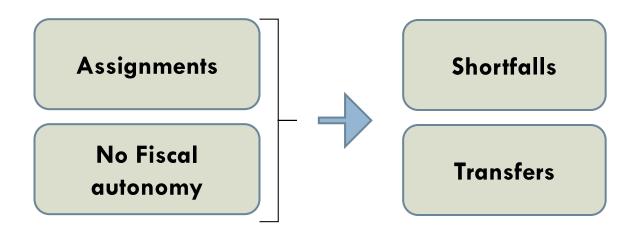
Incentive effects

Decentralization and inequality



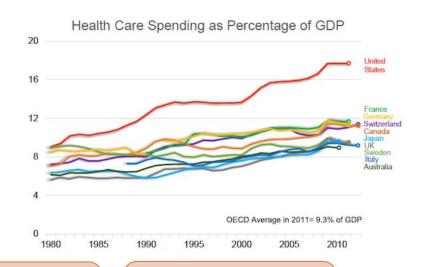
- Unequal tax base
- •Fiscal competition

Fiscal decentralization



Health insurance

Growth in health spending



Private sector

Adverse selection

Paternalism

Equity considerations

The uninsured

Health insurance

Design of health insurance

Moral hazard

Costs

Flat-of-the-curve medicine

Income redistribution & social insurance

Inequality measurement and trends

Social welfare function

Low social mobility

Social spending: EU vs. USA

Out of the bottle

Gini coefficients, Maximum income inequality=1 Latest

0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7



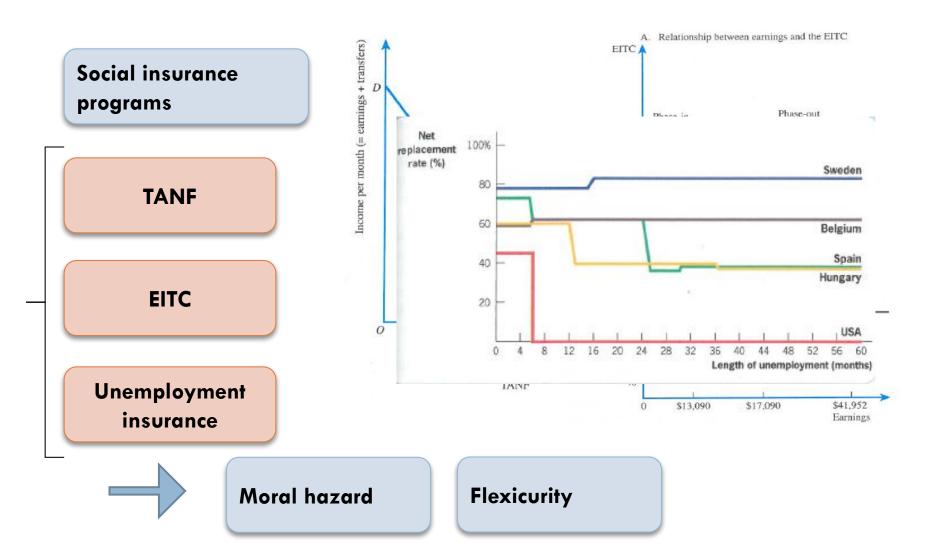
Income redistribution & social insurance

Impact of SI

Redistributive Impact of Fiscal Policy in Advanced Economies, mid-2000s



Income redistribution & social insurance



What we have learned

- Theory + empirical evidence (with data)
- Contradiction between some theories and empirical evidence
 - Externalities
 - Public goods
 - Ramsey rule
 - Social insurance and moral hazard
- Implications for China

Exam structure

- 2-hour exam.
- Answer 2 essay questions from 5.
- Broad questions
 - □ 1 hour/Q

Exam 2016

- Discuss the arguments for and against income redistribution, and explain the reasons for the differences in redistribution policies between Europe and the United States
- 2. Critically discuss the achievements and limitations of fiscal decentralization in China, and discuss how further reforms could improve the current fiscal decentralization system.
- 3. Critically discuss the statement that "voting can always consistently aggregate individual preferences", and explain the limitations of the different voting rules.
- "Government intervention is required to efficiently provide public goods, and the underprovision of public goods by the private sector demonstrates that individuals are selfishly motivated." Discuss this statement with reference to the theory and evidence.
- 5. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of public health insurance. Explain what factors may influence the design of public health insurance policies.

Before you answer...

Choose to answer only those questions you fully understand

Do not reproduce prepared essays without regard to what the question asks

Your Answer...

- Should have a clear structure
- The Introduction should act as a signpost to the reader
- The Main Body of argument should follow, with evidence, examples etc. used to support statements
- A (brief) conclusion should end the essay

Good Practice

 Define technical terms as you introduce them, especially any such terms that are specified in the question

Use examples whenever possible to support arguments

 Credit is usually given for examples and evidence that goes beyond lecture notes

Use equations, graphs, figures etc. where relevant

More Good Practice

- Explain diagrams or figures
- Label graph axes etc.
- Equations/figures etc. that are merely reproduced without comment do not improve answers
- There is no need to do a list of references

Bullet Points Answers?

 Reproducing bullet points does not constitute a good answer, even if the points are relevant

Try to write a coherent explanation

 If you really run out of time on the last question, brief notes indicating how the answer should have developed may help.

Final Considerations

 Where contradictory arguments exist, it may be useful to indicate their respective strengths.

• Personal opinions are fine, but cover the received views first.