# **Talking About Writing**

Need-to-Know Terms



### **Talking About Writing**

- Writing, as a discipline, has its own terminology and jargon which includes the following:
  - -Writing Process
  - -Draft
  - –Prewriting
  - -Invention
  - -Thesis Statement
  - -Introduction
  - -Body Paragraph

- -Transitions
- -Conclusion
- -Revision
- -Proofreading
- -Citation
- -Primary Sources
- -Secondary Sources

### **Writing Process**

- Writing as Process vs. Writing as Product
- Processes = the ways we write
- Products = the *things* we write
- Processes lead to Products

#### **Drafts**

- "Draft" = a completed version of a project
- Typically, subsequent "drafts" of written assignments do not add anything major to each new version
- Each draft represents efforts at refining an already completed project, NOT adding new sections of material

### **Prewriting / Invention**

- Prewriting / Invention = all the activities a writer does before writing any draft of a written assignment
- These activities could include:
  - Brainstorming
  - Research
  - Outlining
  - Summarizing main ideas
  - Making a diagram or other schematic.

#### **Thesis Statement**

- Thesis Statement = The main idea or main point of a written assignment.
- It is specific
- It often appears at the end of the first paragraph of a paper
- It can be modified to reflect what actually ended up being discussed in the paper

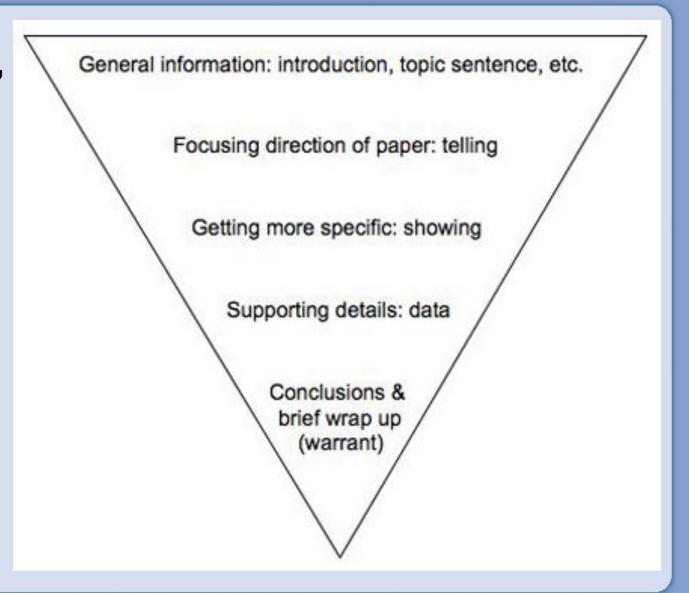
#### Introductions

- "Introduction" = the broad beginning of a written assignment
- It should answer these questions:
  - What is this paper about?
  - Why am I reading it?
  - What do you want me to do?
- It should set the context for the paper
- It should state why the main idea is important
- A thesis statement is typically placed at the end of an introduction

## **Body Paragraphs**

- "Body
  Paragraph"

   paragraph
   between the
   Introduction
   and the
   Conclusion
- Each Body
   Paragraph
   typically
   follows the
   pattern here



#### **Transitions**

- "Transition" = words or phrases that connect ideas in one paragraph with ideas in the next
- Effective transitions use key phrases from a previous paragraph in the next paragraph
- Some common transitional devices:
  - furthermore, in addition, moreover
  - on the contrary, in contrast, meanwhile
  - however, nevertheless

#### **Conclusions**

- "Conclusion" = the end parts written assignments that wrap up what authors have been discussing in their papers
- Conclusions could
  - Restate the topic and its importance
  - Restate the thesis statement
  - Resolve opposing viewpoints
  - Include a call for action
  - Overview future research possibilities

### **Revision and Proofreading**

- "Revision" = any beneficial change to a paper from one draft to another
- Generally, "revision" means larger changes with structure or content
- "Proofreading" = means only revising to correct spelling or grammatical errors

#### **Citations**

- "Citations" = the methods writers use to reference the sources they quote
- Modern Language Association (MLA): Purdue OWL: http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/01/
- American Psychological Association (APA): Purdue OWL: http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/01/
- Chicago Manual of Style (CMS): Purdue OWL: http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/717/01/

### Primary vs. Secondary Research

 "Primary Research" = any type of research you go out and collect yourself

 "Secondary Research" = every other kind of research

#### **For More Information**

#### For more OWL resources, see the following:

- Essay Writing
- Prewriting (Invention)
- Creating a Thesis Statement
- Introductions, Body Paragraphs, and Conclusions for Argument Papers
- Introductions, Body Paragraphs, and Conclusions for Exploratory Papers
- <u>Transitions and Transitional Devices</u>
- Proofreading
- Paramedic Method
- Reverse Paramedic Method
- MLA 2009 Formatting and Style Guide
- APA Formatting and Style Guide
- Chicago Manual of Style
- Conducting Primary Research

#### **For More Information**

Purdue Writing Lab Phone Number: 765-494-3723

Purdue OWL:

http://owl.english.purdue.edu/

### The End

