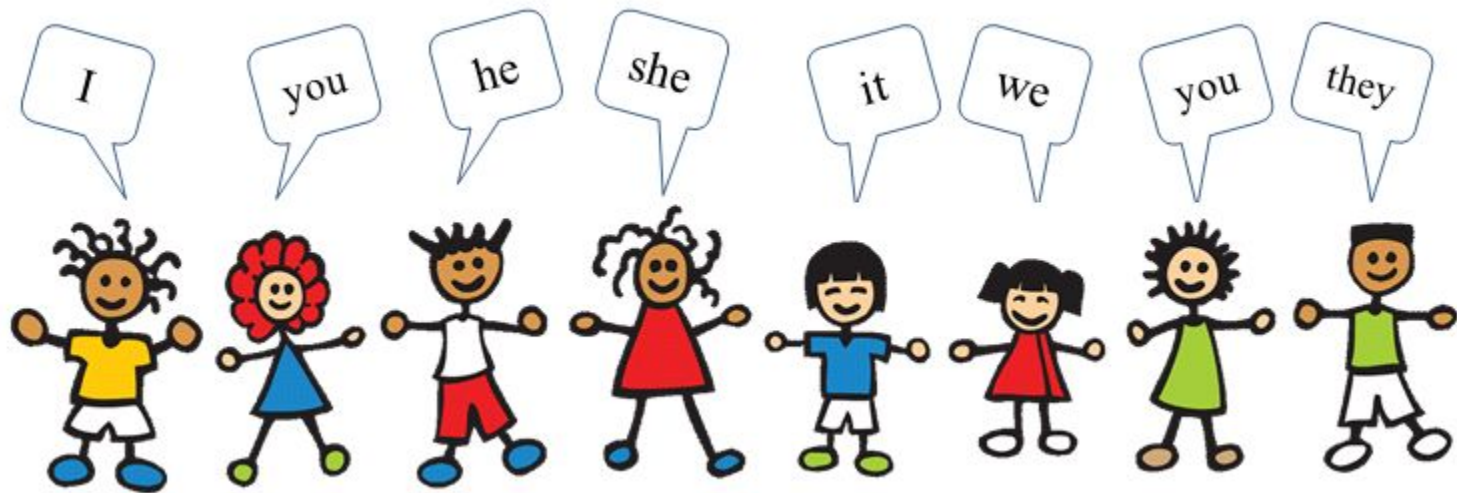


Four cartoon children are holding hands in a circle. From left to right: a girl with orange hair in pigtails wearing a pink shirt and green pants; a boy with a blue cap wearing a yellow shirt and blue shorts; a girl with blonde hair in pigtails wearing a red dress with white polka dots; and a girl with brown hair in pigtails wearing a green shirt with a purple heart and purple pants. They are all smiling and have their arms raised.

Pronouns

A pronoun is a word that replaces the name of a person or object (nouns).

Personal Pronoun



Possessive Pronouns

This is **my** picture.



I

Sam is enjoying **his** ice drop.



He

Its mouth is very big.



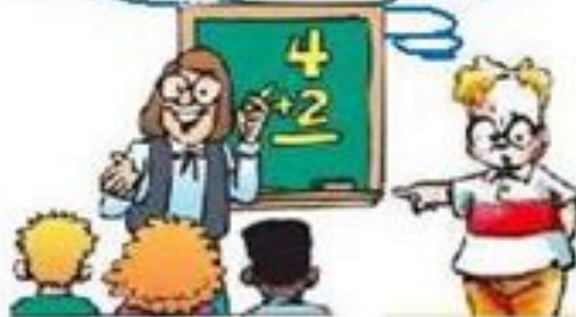
It

These are **your** shoes.



We

They are listening to **their** teacher.



They

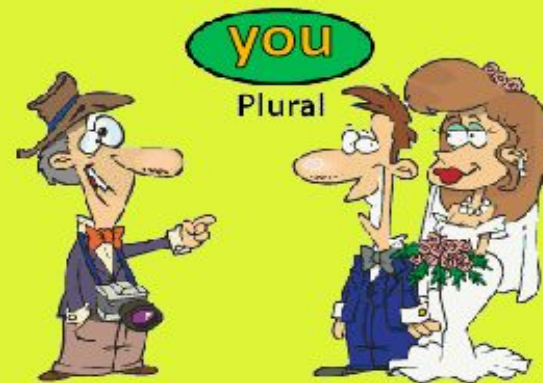
Subject Pronouns	Possessive Adjectives
I	My
You	Your
He	His
She	Her
It	Its
We	Our
They	Their

Third person

First person



Second person



Objective Pronouns



ject
ct

I
me

we
us

you
you

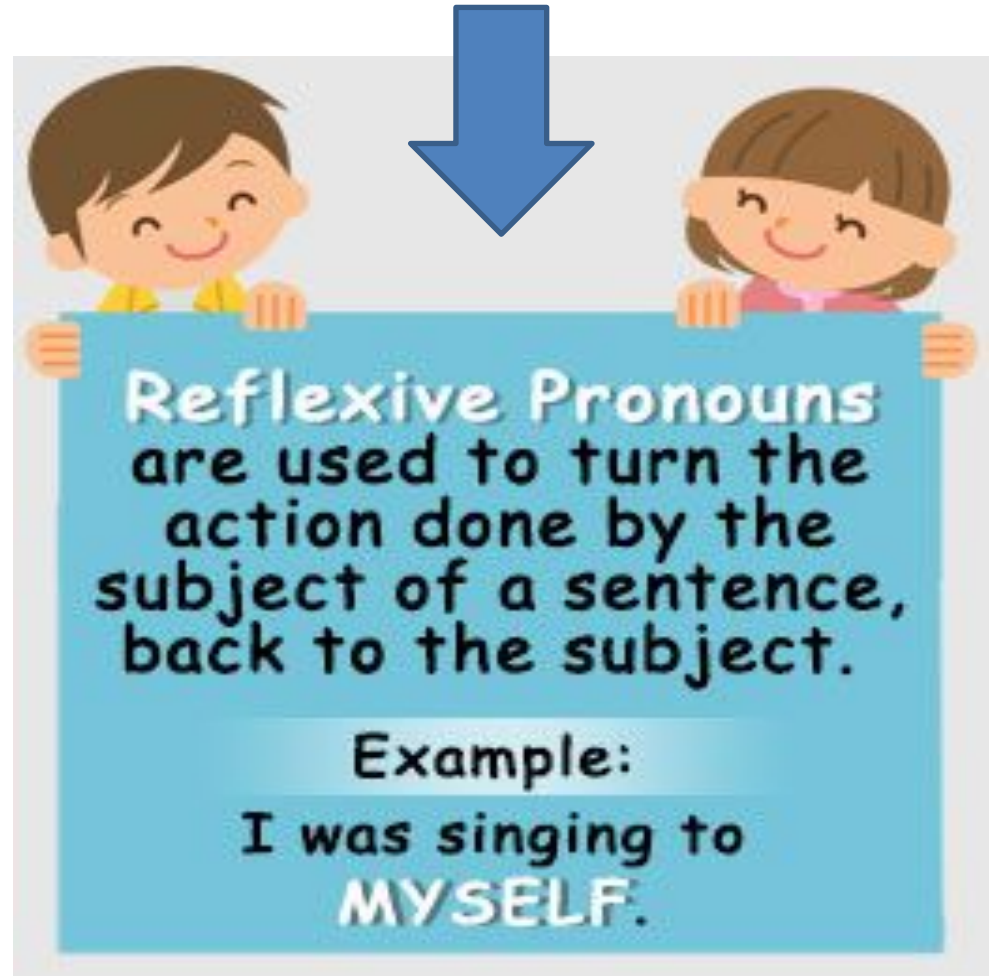
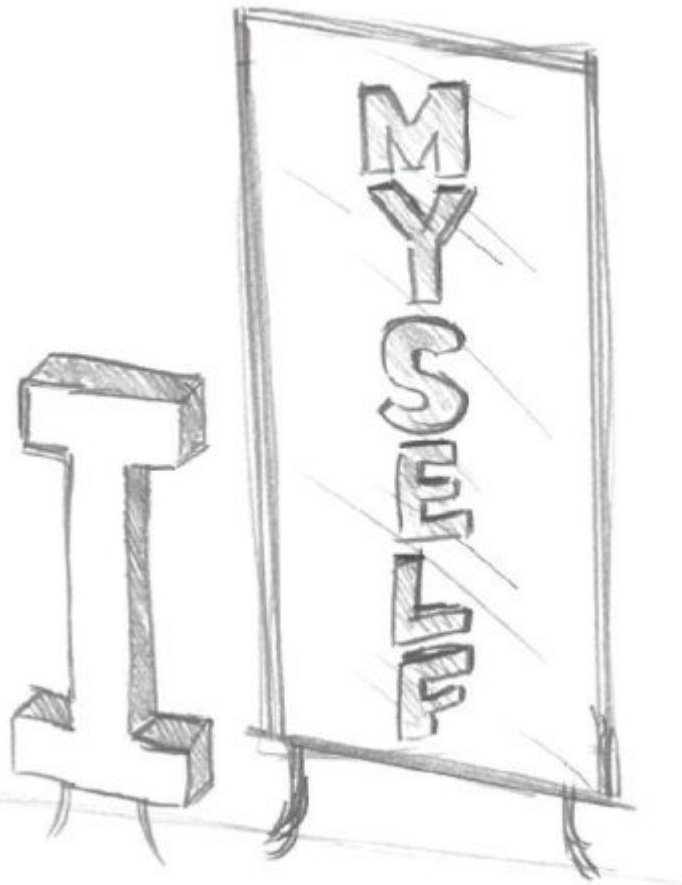
he
him

she
her

they
them

- Pronouns are used to replace a noun, noun phrase, or noun clause in a sentence. For example, "David is a good boy. He always obeys his parents." In this example, the noun 'David' has been replaced by the pronoun 'he', which also helps avoid repetition, and eases the flow of language. Pronouns are classified into several types as:
 - Demonstrative
 - » Indefinite
 - » Interrogative
 - » Personal
 - » Possessive
 - » Reflexive
 - » Relative

Reflexive Pronouns



LIST OF REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS







I am looking at myself in the mirror.



They're looking at themselves in the mirror.

- They usually end with either "self" (singular) or "selves" (plural). They are used to show that the object is same as the subject. Without a reflexive pronoun, a sentence will not convey the right message.




I made it myself!


Subject pronoun	Object pronoun	Reflexive pronoun
I	me	myself
you (singular)	you	yourself
he	him	himself
she	her	herself
it	it	itself
we	us	ourselves
you (plural)	you	yourselves
they	them	themselves



A reflexive pronoun is used as the object of a verb or preposition when the subject of the sentence and the object are the same person

I saw **myself** at the mirror.

She looked at **herself** for a long time.

subject=object



Reflexive
pronouns are also
used for
emphasis

- Did someone fax the report to Mr Lee?
- Yes.
- Are you sure?
- Yes.
- I **myself** faxed the report to him \ I faxed the report to him **myself**



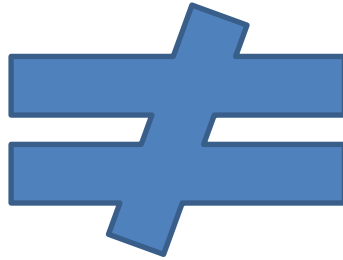
by + a RP = meaning “alone”

- Anna lives by herself



одна

Feel
Wash
Shave
Dress
Bathe
Hide



Reflexive
Pronoun



- How do you feel? – Как вы СЕБЯ чувствуете?
- You should wash every morning. – Следует умыватьСЯ каждое утро.

- Reflexive pronouns are not generally needed after verbs that describe actions that people generally do for themselves. For example, bathing, shaving, dressing. However, they can be used to generate emphasis. For example, "He is only three, but he dresses himself." Reflexive pronouns are generally used with amuse, blame, cut, help, hurt, enjoy, kill, introduce, teach, satisfy, and prepare.





**Look! I draw
a picture of
...**



**We were
cold so we
warmed ...**



**Watch out!
You'll hurt ...**



**Lilly taught ...
how to ride a
bike.**



**The monkey
is looking at
...**



**Tim fell
down and
hurt ...**

