## English 5

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#### Для того чтобы сказать,

чьё

это имя, кому принадлежит какая-либо вещь,

к существительному или имени собственному

добавляется



# My sister's name is Mary. The dog's name is Bob.

К существительному во множественном числе добавляется '(апостроф)

My parents' names are Alexander and Alice.

### Расскажи о своей семье

- Have you got a father?
- What is his name?
- How old is he?
- Have you got a mother?
- What is her name?
- How old is she?
- Have you got a brother?
- Have you got a sister?
- How old is she?



## Глагол to be (быть/находиться)

You are from America. We are from Russia. They are from England. It is big. I am fine

#### to be

- I am Ivan.
- He is from Russia.
- She is Russian.
- Oxford is not in Wales.
- It is in England.
- You are from America.
- We are from Russia.
- They are from Scotland.

#### **Cardinal Numbers**

- 11-eleven
- 12-twelve
- 20-twenty
- 30-thirty
- 40-forty
- 50-fifty
- 60-sixty
- 70-seventy
- 80-eighty
- 90-ninety

- 13-thirteen
- 14-fourteen
- 15-fifteen
- 16-sixteen
- 17-seventeen
- 18-eighteen
- 19-nineteen
- 21-twenty-one
- 32-thirty-two
- 39-thirty-nine
- 43-forty-three
- 64-sixty-four



100-a hundred 1000-one thousand

#### How old are you?

My grandparents' names are Alan and Alma. They are my mother's parents. My grandfather is 70. My Grandmother is 64. I like my Granny's cakes. They are lovely.

### Have got (в вопросительном предложений)

- Have you got a dog?
- Have we got a dog?
- Have they got a dog?

Yes, I have. No, I haven't

Yes, I have. No, I haven't.

Yes, we have. No, we haven't.

Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

- Has he got a cat?
- Has she got a cat?

Yes, he has. No, he hasn't. Yes, she has. No, she hasn't

There is Buckingham Palace in London.
There are a lot of parks in London.
There are not any palaces in my city.

Когда мы спрашиваем о наличий или отсутствий предмета, мы ставим глагол to be на первое место в предложений.

#### Утвердительные предложения

There is an ancient castle in my city.

Are there any cafes there?
Yes, there are.
There are some cafes there.
Обрати внимания на то, что в утвердительных предложениях употребляется some.

#### Отрицательные и вопросительные

#### предложения

- Is there a castle in your city?
- Yes, there is.
- No, there isn't.
- There is no castle in my city.
- Are there any cafes there?
- No, there aren't any cafes there.
- Обратите внимание на то, что в отрицательных и вопросительных предложениях пишется-any.

## Present Simple Tense (Настоящее простое время)

- I work at school.
- He works at hospital.
- I go to school every day.
- She goes to school every day.
- They often visit their parents.



Когда мы говорим об обычных, регулярных действиях в настоящем, мы используем **Present Simple Tense.** 

WeYou **■ V**<sub>1</sub> .... They He - She V<sub>15</sub>

## Prepositional Phrases

- В центре чего-либо in the middle of
- Ha углу улицы on the corner of the street
- Слева on the left
- Справа on the right
- Впереди/перед in front of
- *Рядом* next to
- Напротив (через улицу) opposite
- **Позади** behind
- На улице in the street

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