

**Обучение чтению на ИЯ (6 класс)**

**Вид: извлечение необходимой информации (scanning reading).**

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# Фгос

Чтение в средней школе по ФГОС с выборочным пониманием содержания (извлечение необходимой информации).

Чтение с выборочным пониманием нужной или интересующей информации осуществляется на несложном аутентичном тексте и предполагает выбрать информацию, которая необходима или представляет интерес для учащихся.

Объем текста для чтения – около 350 слов.



# Цель

**К концу реализации  
плана ученик 6 класса  
научится:**

читать аутентичный текст  
с выборочным  
пониманием  
значимой/нужной/интерес  
ующей информации



# Дотекстовый этап

Look at the pictures. What do they have in common and what are the differences between them?



# Текст

Read the text below trying to choose the main points of it

## Australia's Past

The first people in Australia were the Aborigines, who came more than 40 000 years ago. Chinese sailors visited it 2500 years ago, and much later Dutch sailors came. Then in 1770 the British sailor Captain James Cook landed on the east coast, and said that Australia now belonged to Britain. Of course, nobody asked the Aborigines about this – it was the beginning of a terrible time for them. Britain soon began to send convicts (**заключенные**) to the new country. In May 1787, eleven ships left England for Australia carrying 772 convicts. They reached the place which is now Sydney in January 1788. Life was very difficult, and the convicts had to work very hard, making roads, buildings and farms.

In 1851 gold was found in New South Wales and Victoria. Thousands of people went looking for gold – first Australians, then people from North America, Britain, New Zealand and China. In ten years the population grew from 400 000 to 1 200 000. With the gold came new roads and railways and growing cities. On the first of January 1901 the six Australian states became one country. Britain was still very important to Australia; many people left Britain for a new life in Australia, but they called Britain “home”.

But after 1945 people from other European countries, like Italy, Greece, Germany and Holland, began coming to Australia. Since 1945 more than three million people have moved there, and recently people from countries like Vietnam and Cambodia have moved there too.

Now Australia sees its future with countries of the east and the Pacific – Japan, the United States, New Zealand for example – instead of Britain.

# Текстовый этап

## 1 task.

What do these numerals mean? Write, please.

Eleven

Eighteen fifty-one

1 January

Seventeen seventy

Forty thousand

Ten

6





# ОТВЕТЫ



## Check your answers

### 1 task

- *Eleven* - «In May 1787, eleven ships left England for Australia carrying 772 convicts».
- *Eighteen fifty-one* - «In 1851 gold was found in New South Wales and Victoria».
- *1 January* - «On the first of January 1901 the six Australian states became one country».
- *Seventeen seventy* - «Then in 1770 the British sailor Captain James Cook landed on the east coast, and said that Australia now belonged to Britain».
- *Forty thousand* - «The first people in Australia were the Aborigines, who came more than 40 000 years ago».
- *Ten* – «In ten years the population grew from 400 000 to 1 200 000».
- *6* – In the 1901 «the six Australian states became one country»

# Система оценивания

<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>
<i>0-1</i> <i>ошибка</i>	<i>2</i> <i>ошибки</i>	<i>3-4</i> <i>ошибки</i>	<i>5-7</i> <i>ошибок</i>

# Послетекстовый этап

1. Have you ever been to Australia? If so, what did you like the most? If no, just tell, what would you like to see there?
2. What would you do, if you met a real Aborigine?
3. What would you ask him about?



# ИСТОЧНИК

<http://nsportal.ru>



**Thanks for your attention!**