## Lecture

## Analysis of abnormal return of managed portfolios by E. Fama. GSS. CFDR. NSS.

## Eugene Fama

Born in 1939, an American economist, known for his work on portfolio theory and asset pricing, both theoretical and empirical.

Currently he is a professor of finance at the University of Chicago Booth School of Business. MBA, PhD.


## Eugene Fama

E. Fama is most often thought of as the father of efficient market hypothesis (EMH), beginning with his Ph.D. thesis.

In a ground-breaking article in the May, 1970 issue of the Journal of Finance, entitled "Efficient Capital Markets: A Review of Theory and Empirical Work," E. Fama proposed three types of efficiency:
(i) strong-form;
(ii) semi-strong form; and
(iii) weak efficiency.

He was a co-founder of Fama-French three-factor model (1993).

# Analysis of abnormal return by E. Fama 

GSS, Gross security selection rCAPM $=$ CFDR + NSS

CFDR, Compensation for diversifiable risk is the effect of higher volatility of portfolio on the GSS.

CFDR $=\left(\mathrm{rm}_{\mathrm{m}}-\mathrm{rf}\right)^{*}\left(\right.$ sigmap $^{\mathrm{s}} /$ sigma $_{\mathrm{m}}-$ betap $\left._{\mathrm{p}}\right)$
sigmap/sigmam could be called the «degree of volatility»

NB: sigmap/sigmam > betap

NSS, Net security selection = GSS - CFDR
NSS is the effect of "smart" selection of securities for a portfolio, and effective \& efficient trading (opening/closing positions).

## Practice

In 2012, a managed portfolio:
mean return $=0,41 \%$
betap $=0,77$
sigmap $=3,55 \%$
Market proxy is ACWIFM (0,24\%;1,83\%)
Find:

- GSS
- Degree of volatility
- CFDR
- NSS
- Evaluate the portfolio manager's performance

If NSS $>0$, the portfolio manager was effective: he/she "added up" to the portfolio return.

If NSS < 0, the portfolio manager was not effective: he/she "ate up" some return.

Analysis of abnormal return by E. Fama

