

Kinds of books:

- poems, plays, novels, short stories, detective stories, humorous stories, adventure stories, folk tales, fairy tales, fables, historical novels, myths, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, thrillers, romances, encyclopedias, dictionaries and text-books;
- new genres have appeared: detective stories written by women, parodies on well-known books (*Harry Potter - Tanya Grotter*), fantasy (*for the latest 50 years*), inter – active books (computer version) when you can change the plot of the book.

The golden rules of reading are:

- Never eat while you read a book.
- Wash your hands before you begin to read.
- •Do not write anything on the pages with a pen or a pencil.
- Do not make drawings in the book.
- •Do not make dog's ears in the book.
- Do not tear up the pages.
- Return the books in time.
- Never wet your thumb or finger to turn a page.
- •Do not turn down a page to mark the chapter where you left off reading. Use book-marks to remember the necessary page.
- Don't turn your book upon its clear face.
- Do not lose your books or leave them in shops or buses. That means that you lose your friends.

Sayings and proverbs about books.

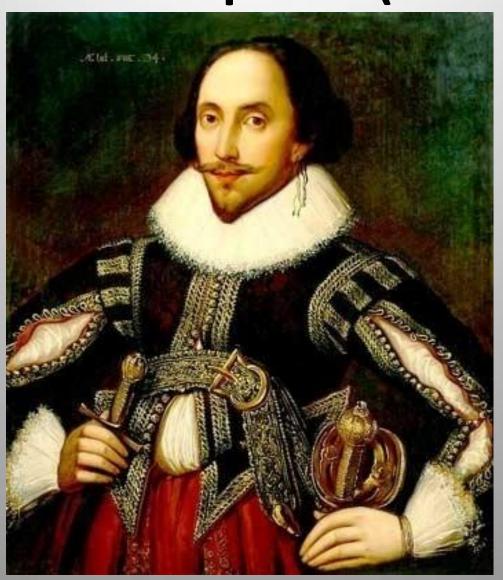
- A house without books
 - is like a room without windows.-Heinrich Mann.
- Choose a book
- as you choose a friend.
- All books are divisible into two classes,
 - the books of the hour, and the tools of all time.-John Ruskin.
- There is no worse robber
 - than a bad book.-(Italy).
- Reading is to the mind
 - what exercise is to the body.
- A book is like
- a garden carried in the pocket.
- A good book
- is a source of wisdom.

Sayings and proverbs about books.

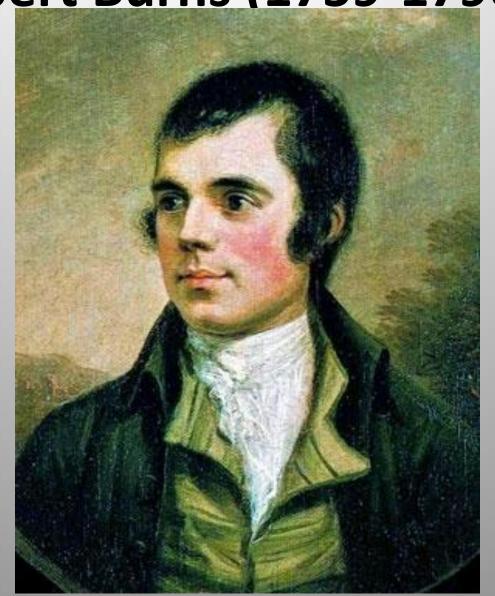
- A room without books
 - is a body without a soul.-Cicero.
- If a book is worth reading
 - it is worth buying.-John Ruskin.
- The wise man reads
 - both books and life itself.-Lin Yutang.
- A book, tight shut,
 - is but a block of paper.-Chinese Proverb.
- Teachers die
- but books live on.-(Netherlands).
- Books without
- the knowledge of life are useless.-Samuel Johnson.

Who is Who?

William Shakespeare (1564-1616)



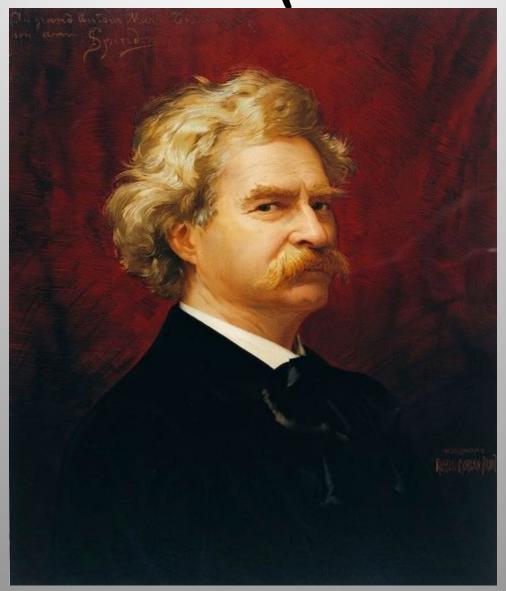
Robert Burns (1759-1796)



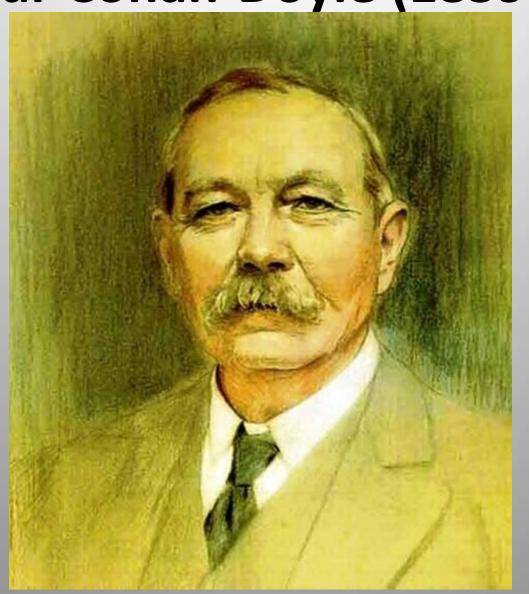
Charles Dickens (1812-1870)



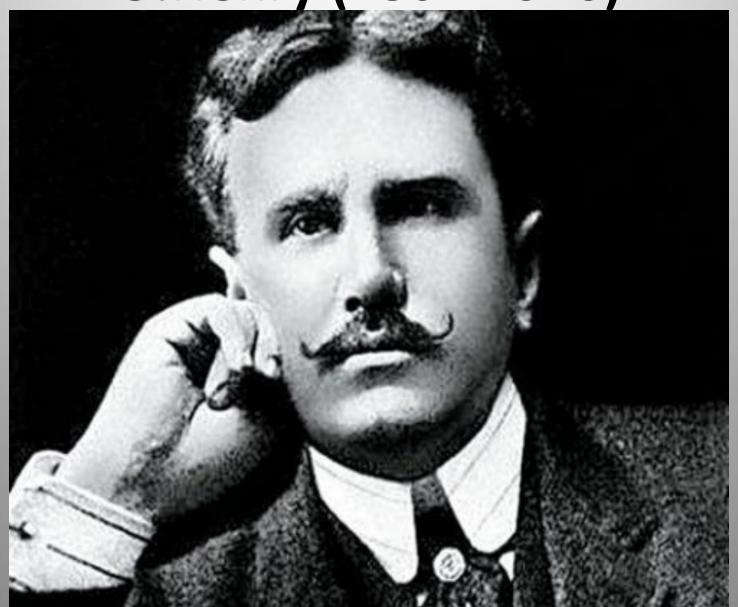
Mark Twain (1835-1910)



Arthur Conan-Doyle (1859-1930)



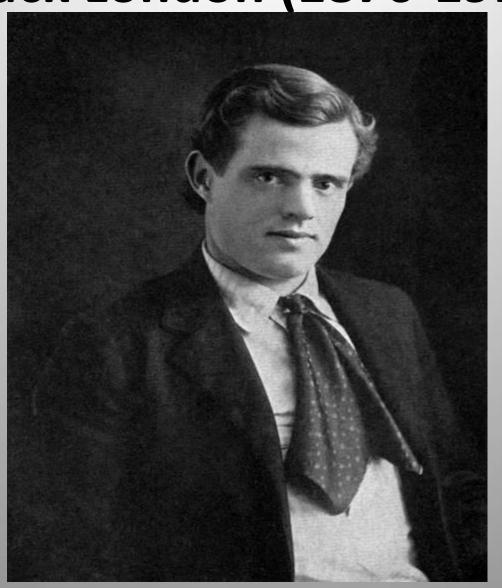
O.Henry (1862-1910)



Winston Churchill (1874-1965)



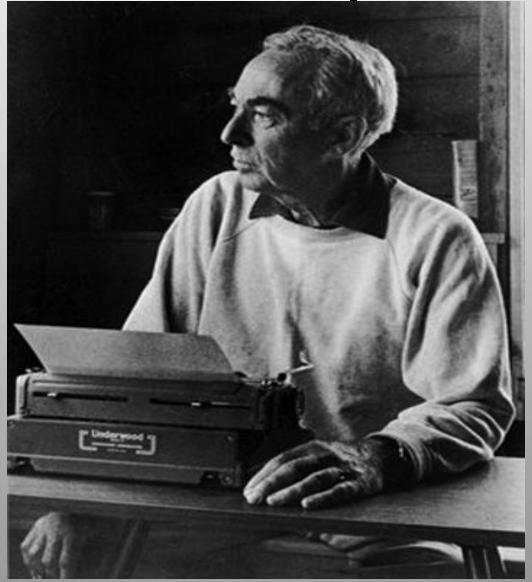
Jack London (1876-1916)



Agatha Christie (1890-1976)



Elwyn Brooks White (1899-1985)



Choose the right answer.

- Where was Arthur Conan-Doyle born? (in a small town in the USA, in Scotland) in Australia).
- How many plays did W. Shakespeare write? (47, (37) 77).
- When did O.Henry publish his first story? (in 1862, 1878, 1899).
- What did Mark Twain do to earn the money when he was 20? (he was a pilot on the river, a writer, a taxi-driver).
- Who left school at the age of 14 and about the age of 19 attended school again? (Mark Twain, Elwyn Brooks White, Jack London)
- Where did Agatha Christie get her education? (at Oxford, at Cambridge, at home)
- How many short stories did Mark Twain write? (273, 112, 56).
- Who wrote the words to the song «Auld Lang Syne»? (Robert Burns, Agatha Christie, W. Shakespeare).
- Who was the British Prime Minister and was given the Noble Prize for Literature in 1953 for his historical studies?(Elwyn Brooks White Winston Churchill, Arthur Conan-Doyle).
- Who brought fame to South West Scotland? (W. Shakespeare, T. Hardy, R. Burns,)
- Whose birthplace is Stratford-upon-Avon? (it is the birthplace of Charles Dickens, Mark Twain W. Shakespeare).
- What author made a mouse the main character of his book? (Mark Twain,, O. Henry, Elwyn Brooks White)
- What is the title of this book? | («The Adventures of Tom Sawyer» «Stuart Little», «Cabbages and Kings»).
- What writer worked in a bank, was suspected to steal a thousand dollars there and later was put in prison? (Jack London, Agatha Christie, O. Henry).

Guess the Characters

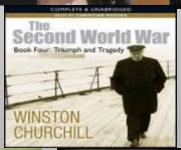


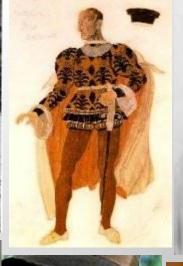


























The monuments to a book in Russia and all over the world:

in St. Petersburg, Russia;



in Omsk, Russia;



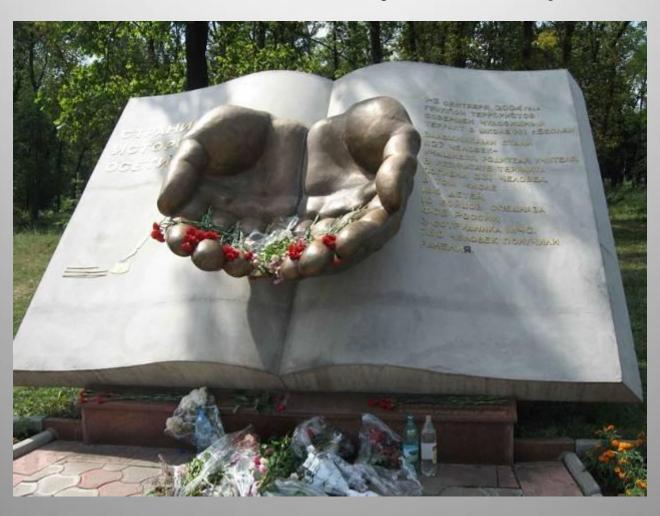
in Ostafyevo (Moscow Region), Russia;



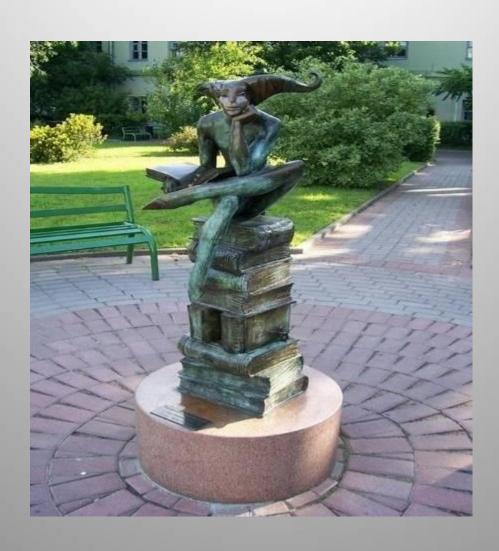
in Barnaul, Russia;



part of the monument in Beslan, North Osetia, Russia;



in St. Petersburg, Russia;



in Kogalym, Yurga, Russia;



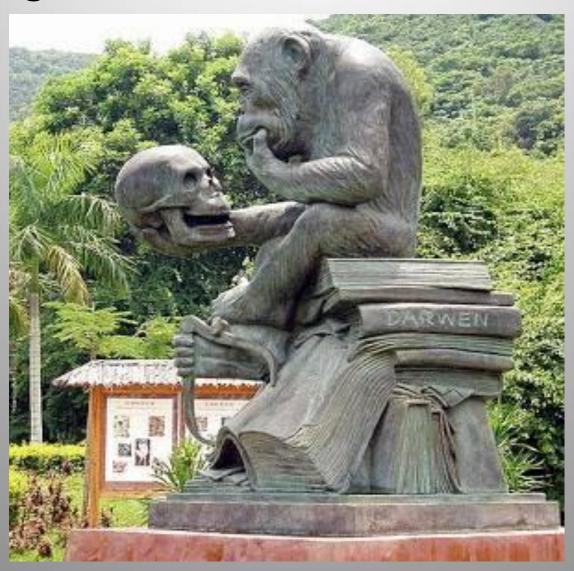
to Thomas Mann in Svetlogorsk, Russia;



to burnt books in Berlin (Bebel Square), Germany;



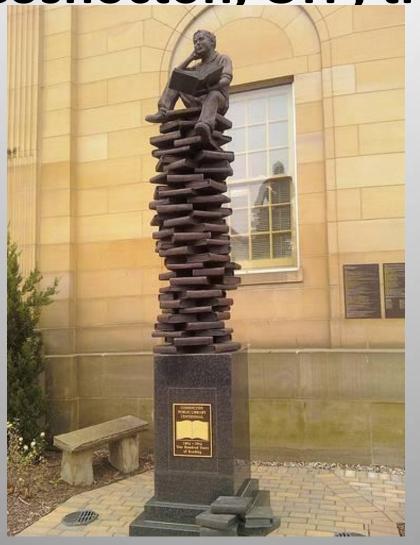
to a clever monkey created by a sculptor with a great sense of humour - in China;



in Berlin, Germany;



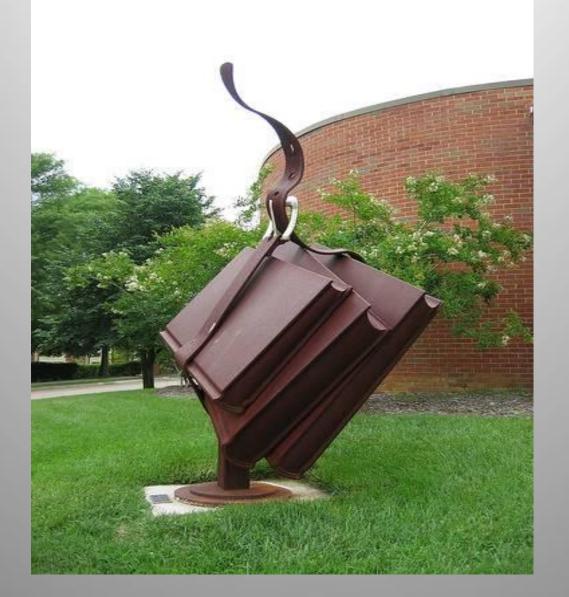
in Coshocton, OH, the USA;



in Oxford, Great Britain;



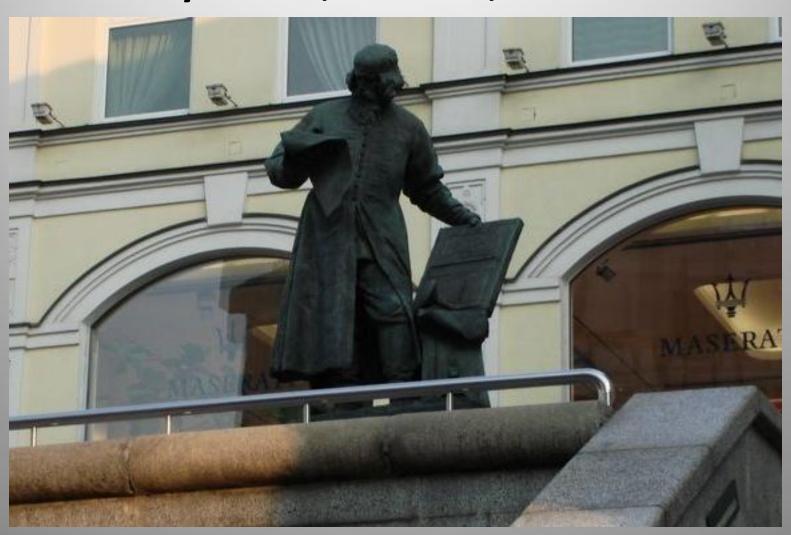
in New York, the USA;



in China.



The monument to the first Russian printer Ivan Fyodorov, Moscow, Russia.



We use the Internet. But books are still important in our lives. Why?

- Books are important they develop the minds of people who read them. This leads to critical thinking skills.
- When the government tries to control the minds of people it forbids reading some authors declaring their works harmful or sometimes even burns books. Remember Berlin, Germany, the 10-th of May,1933.
- Books give people the inspiration in life.
- While reading a book you can get practical advice you can provide security for yourself and feel comfortable because of that.
- It is the way to escape the reality.
- If you choose reading a book or searching the information in the Internet ...I think
 reading a book slows down the pace, brings peace and ease to your mind and you absorb
 the read material in a deeper manner. Something happens to the brains when reading
 material is taken in through the eyes, when you think and analyze it. You relax in a
 comfortable place...
- Books are documentations of the time they reflect.
- Books are essential to life because they do not only carry the knowledge, but because they're also forms of entertainment - the books spawn movies.
- You can read a book about anything. The possibilities are limitless and that is one of the of the most amazing things about books.

The talk about books has no time limits but...

- I would like to finish our lesson with the quotation from Yashido Keiko:
- «To sit alone in the lamp light with a book spread out before you – such is pleasure beyond compare».

