## 

Folklore is structured into 4 main bodies reflecting the traditions of Canada's main population groups:

- aboriginal (native Indian and Inuit),
- ► French Canadian,
- Anglo-Canadian (English, Irish, Scottish, Welsh)
- other ethnic groups.

### The reasons for preservation and development of folklore throughout the country:

- the prevalence of a rural population (at least until after WWII),
- a high percentage of illiteracy among certain groups in earlier times,
- the use of folklore to foster local and national self-consciousness.



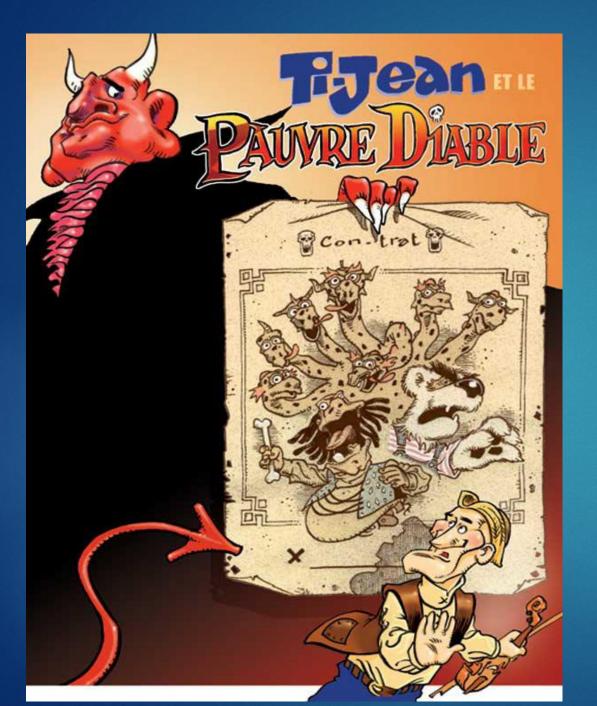
## 1. Aboriginal (native Indian and Inuit) folklore

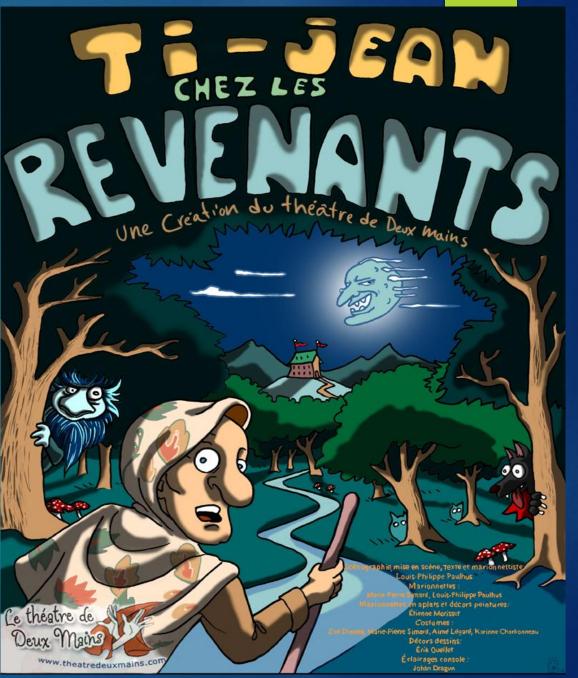
### Thunderbird and Raven





# 2. French Canadian folklore





## Anglo-Canadia n folklore

### Sasquatch



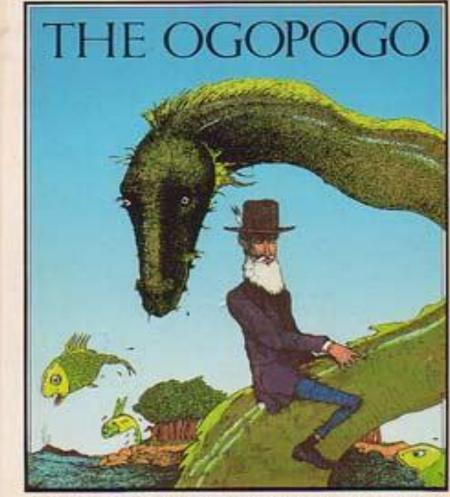
Sasquatch is said to be a large, ape-like creature that lives primarily in the forests.

#### OGOPOGO



Ogopogo is a fabled aquatic monster which is said to inhabit Okanagan Lake.

Harry Horse. His first book "The Opopogo – My Journey with the Loch Ness Monster", 1983.



My Journey With The Loch Ness Monster by HARRY HORSE

