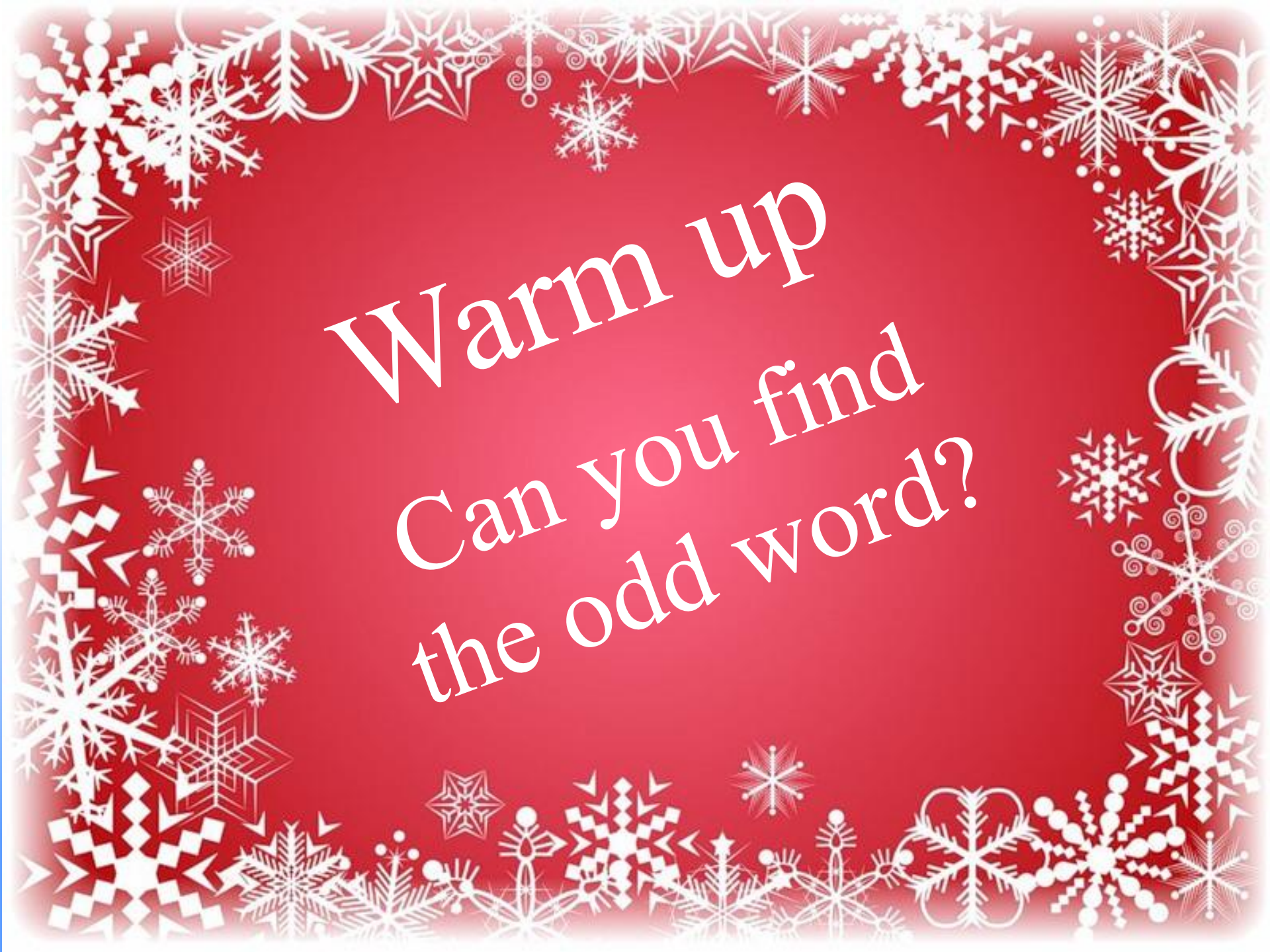




Form: 6th “V”

Teacher: Saduakhasova Zhanna



Warm up
Can you find
the odd word?



Rome



Italy

London



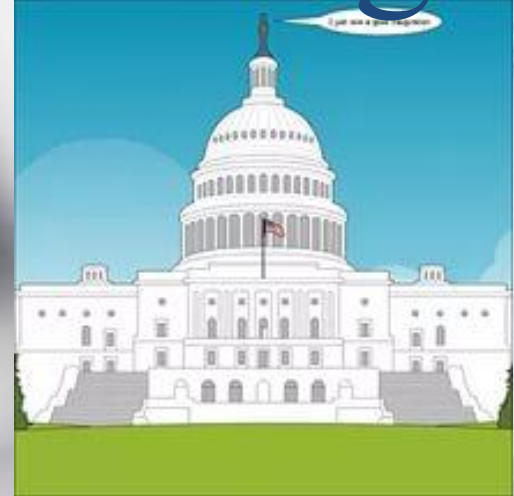
Madrid



New York



Washington



San Francisco



Paris



USA



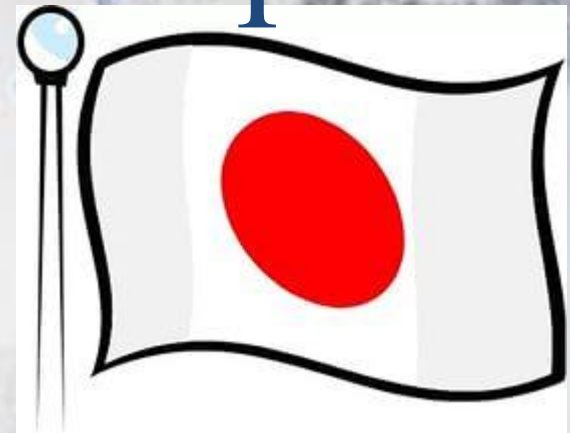
England



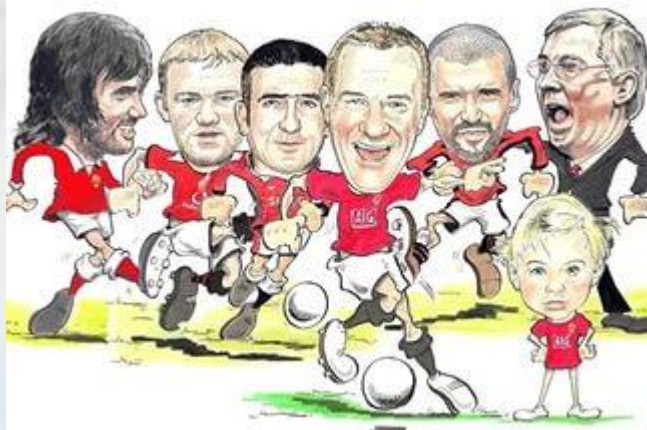
Africa



Japan



Manchester United



Arsenal



Barcelona



London







Guess the theme . . .

Famous travellers



New words

Pacific Ocean	[pə'sɪfɪk'əʊʃ(ə)n]	Тынық мұхиты
Australia	[ə'streɪlɪə]	Австралия
New Zealand	[,nju:'zi:lənd]	Жаңа Зеландия
Hawaii	[hə'waɪ]	Гавайи
Antarctic Circle	[ænt'a:ktɪk 'sɜ:kɪ]	Антарктикалық шеңбер
Arctic	['a:ktɪk]	Арктика
Earth	[ɜ:θ]	Жер
Central Asia	['sentr(ə)l 'eɪʒ(j)ə]	Орталық Азия
voyage	['vɔɪdʒ]	саяхат
fauna	['fə:nə]	Жануарлар әлемі
flora	['flɔ:rə]	Өсімдіктер әлемі
discover	[dɪskʌvə]	ашу

The Grammar

Making adjectives from nouns

-cal, -al, -mous, -ful, -y, -t

Beauty – Beautiful

Fame -

History –

Luck –

Noise –

Centre –

Culture –

Tradition -





Christopher Columbus
(1451 – 1506)

He was born in Italy in 1451. He was a sailor and made many voyages. In 1492 he started a journey with three ships. It was long and difficult. He discovered America in 1492.



James Cook
(1728 – 1779)

He was born in England in 1728. He made three voyages to different places: the Pacific Ocean, Australia, New Zealand, Hawaii, the Antarctic and Arctic. He discovered the Hawaiian Islands.



Nikolai Przhevalski
(1839 – 1888)

He was born in Russia in 1839. He travelled to unknown parts of Central Asia. His journeys opened a new era for the study of the geography, fauna and flora of Central Asia.



Shoqan Ualikhanov
(1835 – 1865)





Shoqan Ualikhanov (1835 – 1865)

Shoqan Ualikhanov was born in November in 1835. He was a Kazakh scientist, ethnographer and historian. Shoqan spend his childhood in his father's traditional yurt. His father sent him to a small private school in 1842 when he was six. He moved to his grandmother's home. Ualikhanov entered the military academy in Omsk in 1847.

He read a lot of books in Russian. He travelled in Central Asia in the late 1850s. In 1856 he went to the region of Issyk Kul where he had his first successful expedition. In 1857 he went to Russia to report about the results of the expedition and there he became the member of the Russian Geographical Society. On June 28, 1858, Shoqan Ualikhanov began his second expedition

He had a caravan of 43 men, 101 camels and 65 horses. The caravan arrived in Kashgar in early October of 1858. During his travels he collected a lot of materials about traditions and customs of the people in the places he visited. He returned to his native steppe region because he became seriously ill in the spring of 1861. He died on April 10, 1865 at the age of 29. His works are still popular



Tongue twister

She sells sea shells at the sea shore
The shells she sells are surely sea shells
So if she sells shells on the seashore,
I'm sure she sells seashore shells

Exercise 1

Making questions with the words
and give an answer

The background of the slide features a soft-focus photograph of green leaves. The leaves are in various shades of green, from light lime to a deeper forest green, and are layered to create a sense of depth. The lighting is bright and diffused, giving the image a fresh and natural feel.

Conclusion

Talking years . . .

Make adjectives from nouns

James Cook was a _____(fame) traveller

Nikolai Przhewalski opened a new era of _____(centre) Asia

Shoqan grown up in _____(tradition) yurt

In 1856 Shoqan had his first _____(success) expedition

Homework

Exercise 14, page 40

- a) Write a text about a famous traveller
- b) Search the Internet
- c) Make a poster
- d) Tell the class about your discoveries



Good Bye!