



9 мая

С Днем Победы!

1) Pronunciation-drill+ back translation.

1. Fascist Germany,
2. Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,
3. Adolf Hitler,
4. Joseph Stalin,
5. the Second World War,
6. the Great Patriotic War,
7. to last four years,
8. to conquer the whole world,
9. an ally,
0. a partisan,
1. a concentration camp,
2. to drive away to Germany,
3. to win a medal,
4. to be decorated with an order,
5. to become a nurse in hospitals,
6. a salute of victory on the Red Square,
7. the Victory Day,
8. to remember the deeds of the veterans,
9. to defend the motherland,
0. to bomb cities,
1. not to give up to shoot people,
2. to lose the bread-winner,
3. the siege of Leningrad,
4. a soldier,
5. a widow, one's holy duty



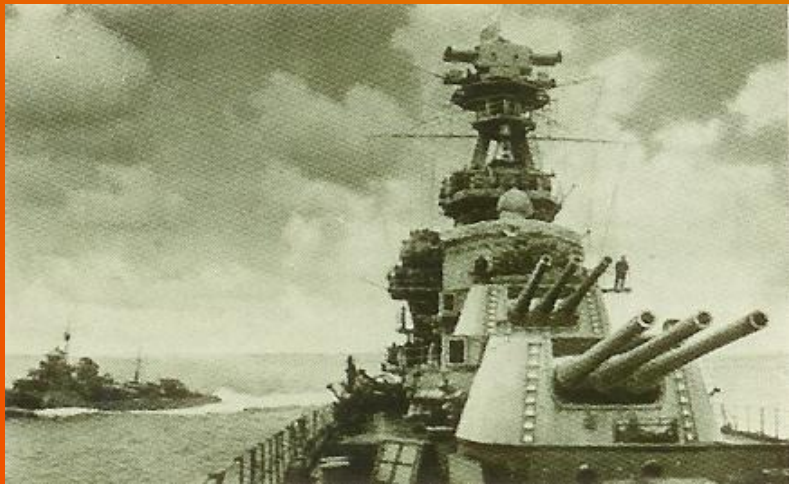
2) Remember some facts about the S.W.W.& G.P.W.

- * the Second World War began on.....(name the date)
- * the first contry where Hitler invaded was.....
- * the Great Patriotic War began on.....
- * Our allies were..... (name the countries)
- * Germany's allies were.....
- * the siege of Leningrad lasted.....days.
- * In this war million of Soviet people were killed.
- * Hitler committed suicide on.....(name the date)
- * The war officially ended on.....



3) Speak about problems Russian (Soviet) people had during the war. What was the most difficult? Give them in order you want. Add three more.

- * German soldiers took the cattle and people had nothing to eat.
- * Women had to work all days long.
- * Many women lost their bread-winners and children lost their fathers.
- * many houses and villages were burnt.
- * people didn't want to become slavers of the Germans.
- * people had to leave their places and to move to safer places.
- * people didn't have the most necessary things (clothes, soaps, paper, candles)
- * many children had to stop their education and go to factories.
- * many women suffered from physical violence.
- *
- *
- *(3 of your own)



4) **Why did the soviet people win the war?** What helped them? Use the given words.

- ✓ to want peace,
- ✓ to dream about stability,
- ✓ to miss their wives and children,
- ✓ to have an inner power,
- ✓ to love the homeland,
- ✓ a duty,
- ✓ to save the world from violence,
- ✓ etc











6) How should we, young people, treat those people who were defending us?

Should we respect them? Why? Must we help them?

What can we do to soothen their pain?

Does our government do much for them?

Or are they already forgotten?(забыты)

What's your attitude to the veterans?

Are you thankful to them? Or are you indifferent to them?

Do you understand how difficult their life is?

If your grandpa or grandma was a soldier speak about it/

Did they tell you about war? What were their feelings?

7) Do you like to see films about war?

(“ the Officers” - Офицеры ,

“ the Dawns are still here” – А зори здесь тихие,

“ the Seventeen moments of spring” - Семнадцать мгновений весны,

“ the Belorussian station” - Белорусский вокзал,

“ the Destiny of Man”- Судьба человека,

“ There was a war tomorrow”- Завтра была война)

What is your favorite one? Why do you like the film? Is the war shown(показана) realistic there?

Do you cry while watching the films?

Do such films evoke proud in you? Do they evoke thankfulness to the veterans?



вспомни
СОЛДАТ,

май 45

ЭТО БЫЛА
ПОБЕДА

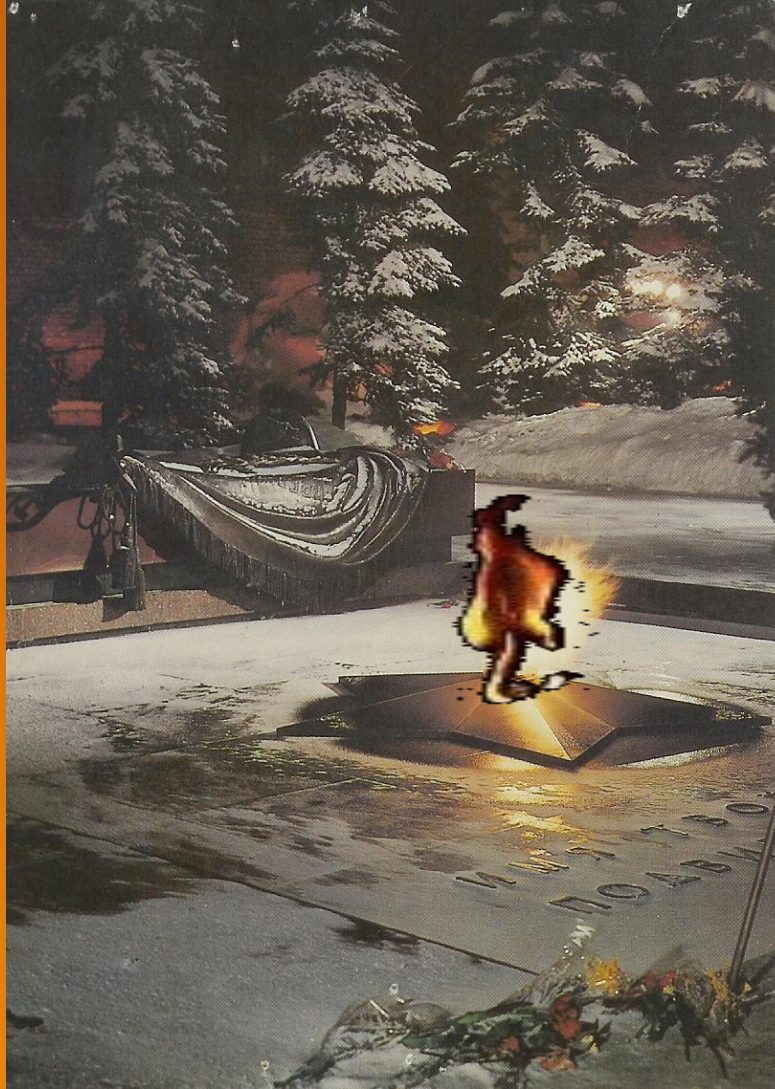
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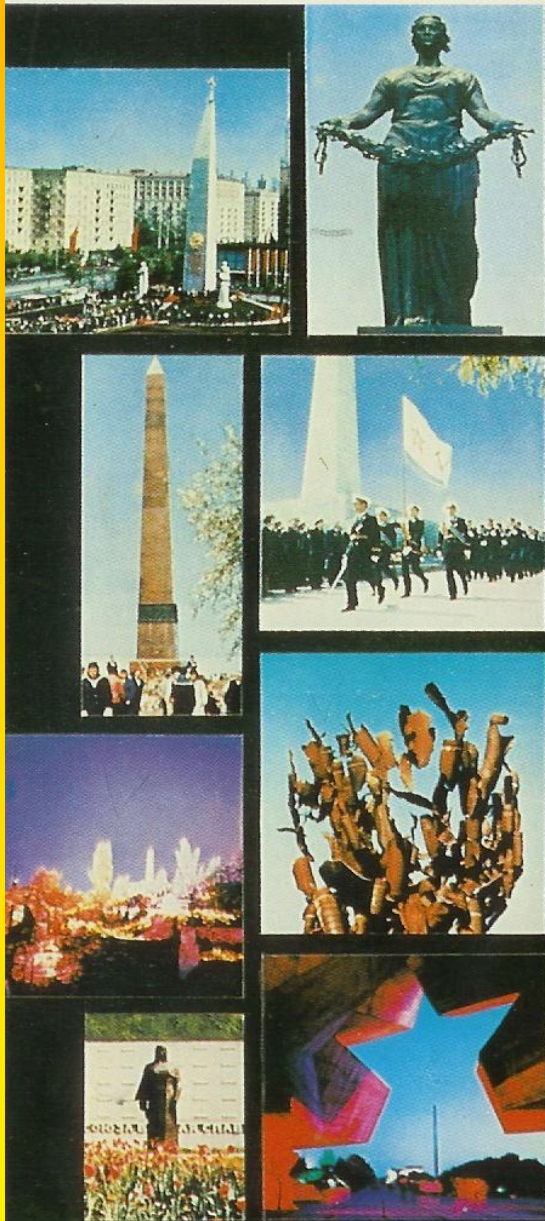
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С ДНЕМ ПОБЕДЫ

Могила Неизвестного солдата.



Вечный огонь.



**Никто не забыт,
ничто не забыто.**



Золотыми буквами вписаны
в летопись обороны городов-героев
дела и подвиги советских людей.
На их примере учатся жить,
бороться и побеждать все новые
и новые поколения. Они помнят
и высоко чтут героизм и мужество
защитников городов — героев
Великой Отечественной войны.

С Победой!



С Днем Победы!



Спасибо за чистое небо!
С Праздником Великой Победы!





*...пусть никогда
не будет войны...*

