Tuesday, the seventeenth of December Classwork

Quiz

1. We are surrounded by plants and animals. So, what is around us?

Nature

2. What do we get as a result of reducing to nothingness or uselessness?

Destruction

3. Making the water and air dirty and dangerous for people and animals to live in or to use.

Pollution

4. Polluted air is bad for people, animals and...

plants

5. Dirty air is called ...

smog

6. People throw away a lot of ...

garbage

7. We don't want to be ill. We want to be ...

healthy



Which words are associated with the word "ecology"?

Find 11 words connected with pollution

W	R	Н	D	A	I	Y	S	F	Е	A	G	В	J	D
F	G	J	С	N	I	R	S	C	S	Н	Y	Y	S	A
Q	В	J	K	R	D	W	Н	Н	R	U	M	X	I	N
S	I	В	D	L	I	T	Т	E	R	D	Е	Y	S	G
J	C	P	A	F	S	G	W	M	Е	G	S	W	В	Е
U	V	О	A	Q	A	Н	D	I	S	A	S	T	Е	R
N	M	L	S	J	Р	D	Е	С	I	U	О	Р	G	О
K/	I	L	L	С	Р	X (W	A	S	T	E	В	X	U
C	В	U	S	Н	Е	J	G	L	S	R	M	D	R	S
J	E	T	R	G	A	T	U	O	K	F	Р	С	O	J
F	D	E	S	T	R	0	Y	L	U	D	T	С	F	Н
A	D	G	F	V	V	G	J	M	В	V	Y	G	В	Y



Put the missing words

Animals and birds disappear . People themselves with cigarettes, alcohol and for people, wildlife and Pollution is very the environment. It's an international disaster To solve the problems people must stop throwing litter into the water or on the ground. They must stop polluting the air. People must stop cutting the trees.



1. Match the environmental	s with their definitions.	
1) greening	e phenomenon by which the earth's atmee sun's heat as it radiates from the earth	osphere traps some of
2) ecology	moist, densely wooded area with an annu	
3) endangered	erson who works toward protecting the env	rironment from estruc-
species	on or pollution	
4) rain forest	division of biology concerned with the relatings	tionship between living
5) environmentalist	ne destruction of forests resulting from	excessive clearing
6) ozone layer	sing little energy	
7) greenhouse effect	ne process of collecting used products nem into new products instead of throwing	ng them away as garbage
8) global warming	region in the upper atmosphere conta- cone gas that absorbs the sun's ultravio	let radiation
9) deforestation	uclear waste or an industrial by-proc amagingto the environment and harmfu eing of living organisms	al to the health and well-
10) recycling	ne act of making something green or fr	esh; a restoration
11) hazardous waste	nimals that are threatened with extinc	tion
12) energy efficient	e increase in world temperatures due	

3.	Complete the collocations belo	w by	adding	an	appropriate	noun	Some	-	namble.	
	more than one noun.				Proprieto	noun.	Some	can	compine	with

1) changes		6)	rain	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	111	Alexander	-
2) pollution				-		disaster	-
	-		fuels	-	12)	rain forest	
3) resources	-	8)	transport		13)	energy	1
4) waste products	HIO31 DQBD	9)	warming	n zantanud		layer	THE COLD
5) effect		9199	jams		1000		-
,	-	10)	Jams	-	19)	gases	-

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		- 24			•
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	_				

d) global

g) public

j) air

m) clean

- b) tropical
- e) ozone

h) traffic

k) sea

n) recycled

c) exhaust

f) nuclear

i) natural

l) greenhouse

o) solar

4. Complete these sentences with the correct form of the words given at the end of	the anatomic
1) What can we do to reduce the of the atmosphere?	a) population
2) The change in the climate has produced	b) protection
3) Many rare species are threatened with	c) disastrous
4) Many of the gases produced by factories are to our health.	d) pollution
5) Many countries must try and control the growth of the	e) survival
6) Protecting the environment is essential to our	f) extinction
7) The of the environment is everyone's responsibility.	g) a mosphere
8) 40 per cent of the world's have disappeared in the last 80 years.	h) harmful
9) People don't just pollute the, they pollute themselves, too, with cigarettes, junk food, alcohol, illegal drugs.	i) rubbish
10) Many countries bury and forget millions of tones of every year.	j) to recycle
11) A lot of what we throw is still useful, and it's possible, in fact, 80 per cent of domestic rubbish.	k) recycling
2) is expensive, but it saves trees, saves	l) rainforests
energy and cuts pollution.	1

	VOCABULARY			
6		D to complete eac		
		ain causes of pollution		
		increasingly worried		of warming.
	4 Recycling is a	ood, so don't throw	bottle	s and newspapers with
	your regular r			
	5 It's very difficu	It to recycle things I	nere. The nearest I	bottleis
	miles away.			
		using a		
		vn, there will soon bare dying out becau		
	r warry arminals	are dying out becat	ise we are desirely	ing their natural
	8 A lot of superm	arkets are starting	to offer	_ foods that were not
	grown using p	esticides or chemic	al fertilisers.	
5	9 ra	in has destroyed m	any of the trees in	n our nearby woods.
	They say it's b	ecause of factories	in the USA.	
1		st ways of protectir		ources is to avoid
		vater and electricity		clear from
7		t a safe way of stor	ring high-level nuc	clear non
4	power plants.	ton d	own tropical rainf	orgets which are so
1.	we ve got to s	a alabal alimata	own tropical raini	orests, which are so
	important to th	e global climate.		
1	A clouds	B mess	C smoke	Dexhaust
2	A layer	B cover	C blanket	D level
3	A world	B international		D worldwide
-	A away	B back	Coff	D pas
	A collection	B bank	C point	D deposit
	A away	B off	Cout	Dup
	A habits	B habitats	C habitations	D inhabitants
	A natural	B organic	C free range	D nutritious
	A Unnatural	B Poisonous	C Polluted	D Acid
0	A missing	B wasting	C using	D losing
1	A waste	B fallout	C dumps	D ashes
2		B cutting	C moving	D thinning
-	A logging	Doutting	0 111011119	

READING

Complete the text with the words from the box. Then write a few sentences about your thoughts, feelings and emotions concerning climate changes.

planet, destruction, warming, changes, pollution, recent, currently, spills, conditions, creatures, reports, habitat, enormous, polar

Climate(1)	in the world	will destroy the
(2)	bear's natural (3)	within
the next fifty y	ears, according to a (4)
report. Althoug	h there are (5)	22,000
polar bears livi	ng in the wild, oil (6)_	
	d noise (7)	
survival of thes	se beautiful (8)	. Global
(9)	is causing more an	d more extreme
weather (10)	. Almost e	every day we read
(11)	of terrible (12)	as a
result of hurrica	anes, flooding or drou	ight. Nevertheless,
most of us will I	not change the way v	ve behave. We
drive our cars to	n work, use (13)	amounts
of electricity and	d even wear clothes	made of fur. The
of electricity and	(14)	is your problem.
destruction of o	ur (14)	10 Jour problem
What are you go	oing to do about it?	



			-		-	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6
when may where the by putting are two ware encountries.	any prominent ney decompose ng them in the ways of reducin d for products	mployees decide genetics considered into a dark, the "blue box" on the amount to recycle and	ler ick, dirt-like s garbage collect of solid waste	tion day		
Garbag should go. If the garb disposal is One sol (2) (3) such as carp Another that can be can compost compost. Con (row.	a transfer state of garbage at late of garbage at late of garbage at late of garbage gage goes to an that they cost is late of the place glass jars, or by taking the pets, drainpipes it solution to the composted are these food prompost, which composting and com	s picked up and roes to a landfill sites and spicked up and roes to a landfill incinerator, it money, take up roblem of solid tin cans, office on to the recyclis, park benches a problem of solid solid lawn clippings oducts by placing ontains plant not many things p	rbage, it does not being burned or an incine of incinerators, taken to the new is site, it is spread is burned. The land and cause a waste disposal paper and new ing depot. The rand garden hould waste disposal and garden hould waste disposal and garden hould waste disposal apple cores, ag them in a sputrients, can be being buried or being buried or being buried or being buried or	the government arest transfer and out on the green problem with pollution. It is recycling. Espaper. People recycled goods a ses. It is composting orange peels a pecial outdoor of the spread in the burned. These	tation (1) ound and careful these methods Some example can recycle using melted down and vegetable recontainer (5) garden to help methods show	where it ally buried, of garbage s of things ed products a (4) les of things inds. People called other plants

G

To be friendly to the environment means...

- to keep the country tidy
- to respect the life and work of the countryside
- to take litter home or put rubbish into the bins
- to plant trees and flowers
- to recycle and reuse plastic and glass containers

We must not...

spoil the countryside, damage flowers and trees pollute water, air, land catch or hurt birds and animals

We should...

help animals and feed birds
plant and protect trees
save flora and fauna
help rare animals and young plants to survive
keep the environment clean
be in charge of the planet

John Galsworthy said: "If you don't think about the future you will not have it."

