

## Goal :

To find out whether the onomatopoeia of animals in Russian and English.

## Tasks

$\square$ 1) Understand - What is onomatopoeia.
$\square$ 2) Find out the Classification.
$\square$ 3) Try to find The maximum number of onomatopoeias of animals in Russian and English.

- 4) Draw up a comparative table.
$\square$ 5) To determine whether onomatopoeia is similar in Russian and

$\square$ 7) To study how the use of onomatopoeia in literature.

8) Make a conclusions.


## What is onomatopoeia?

## Onomatopoeia - a word that serves to imitate the sounds of the

surrounding reality by means of language.
This is the onomatopoeic word that arose as a result of phonetic assimilation to non-verbal sound systems.

For example: ("ohat" from "oh!", "Bark" from "gav!", Etc.)

## Classification:



## Onomatopoeia of animals



## Onomatopoeia of animals



## Onomatopoeia of animals



Ugh, ugh


Puff-puff
yyyy

## Onomatopoeia of animals

Wee-tweet-tweet Чик-чирик

Quack-quack, krik-krik
Squeak-squeak


K Ba-KBC


## Comparative table of onomatopoeic words

| Animal | English | Russian |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Собака / Dog | bow - wow | Гав -гав |
| Кошка / Cat | Mew-mew | Мяу - мяу |
| Утка / Duck | Quack - quack | Кря - кря |
| Змея / Snake | Hiss - swish | Шшшш |
| Свинья / Pig | Oink - oink | Хрю - хрю |
| Корова / Cow | Moo-moo | Му -му |
| Баран / Sheep | Baa, baa | Бэ-э-э |
| Пчела / Bee | Buzz - buzz | Жжжж |
| Осел / Hors | He - haw | Иа - иа |
| Петух / Cock | Cock-a-doodle-do | Ку-ка-ре-ку |
| Сова / Оwl | Tuwit - tuwooo | У-у |
| Цыплёнок / Chick | Chuck-chuck | Цып -цып |

## Comparative table of onomatopoeic words

| Animal | Russian |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Медведь / bear | gr-gr-gr. | P-p-p |
| Ворона / crow | caw, caw. | кар-кар |
| Курица / Hen | cluck-cluck | ко ко ко |
| Слон / elephant | ugh, ugh | ео (как трубит) |
| Аягушка / frog | quack-quack, krik-krik | ква-ква |
| лев / lion | r-r-r | p-p-p |
| Волк / wolf | puff-puff | (воет) ууууууу |
| Мышь / mouse | squeak-squeak | пи-пи |
| Птичка / bird | wee-tweet-tweet | чик-чирик |

## Will we determine whether onomatopoeias are similar in animals in Russian and English?

## Differences:

- Each language learns in its own way the sounds of the external world in accordance with the peculiarities of its phonetic system.
All English vowels are for the most part far from the reading that we are accustomed to associating with the letters of the Latin alphabet in our minds: each vowel letter can convey 4-5 sounds.
- The composition of onomatopoeia varies greatly depending on the characteristics of the culture and geographical environment of the people who speak this language.


## Similarities:

- In English and Russian there are several similar consonant sounds, however, this similarity is very approximate.


## For example:

Лев / Lion
— p-p-p/r-r-r
Медведь / Bear
— p-p-p / gr-gr-gr.
Баран / Sheep
〕 бэ-э-э / baa, baa

## Since childhood we have been studying English. The main training takes place through the study of poems, reading of children's tales and stories. For example:

The cow says: "Moo-moo",
I have some milk for you.
My dog is clever, strong and quick, Its name is Spot, my name is Nick. My dog is nice, my dog is good, It always says me: "Woof-woof-woof"

I'm a lion, I'm a lion R-R-R
My name is Clide,
My jaws are big and wide.
Once I saw a little bird:
"Wee-tweet-tweet"
Oh, the bird was so sweet!
The little green frog
Jumps on a log,
Takes off its cloak
And starts to croak!

Эй, лягушки на болоте!
Что за песню вы поёте? «Ква-ква-ква» и «ква-ква-ква» Непонятные слова.

Я мышонок, пи-пи-пи.
Кошка Мурка, крепче спи. В норку для ночного пира Я несу кусочек сыра.

Пчёлка, пчёлка, жу-жу-жу. Над цветочками кружу. Мёд в лукошко положу И опять жужжу, жужжу


What is the use of onomatopoeia in texts?


## Survey results.

Oral interrogation among students who were offered 10 examples of onomatopoeias in Russian and English showed the following results:

- Onomatopoeia in Russian is guessed by $95 \%$ of students;
- Onomatopoeia in English is guessed by $56 \%$ of students



[^0]
## Conclusion:

* Onomatopoeia varies depending on the culture and geographical environment of the people who speak the language. Each language learns in its own way the sounds of the external world in accordance with the peculiarities of its phonetic system.
* Onomatopoeia, arising as a result of imitation of animal sounds, have a different sound-letter design (they are written differently and pronounced differently). But with their external dissimilarity, they have one, two identical sounds
* Onomatopoeia is a well-known technique used by many classics and is still used today by poets and writers. In a poetic translation, it is important not only the accuracy in the choice of words, but also creative imagination and poetic imagination. The poet-translator not only looks for similar words and expressions in his language, he tries to create something new for his readers. Onomatopoeia belongs to the category of authorial skills, comprehended exclusively by practice.


## List of sources:

1. https://nsportal.ru/ap/library/literaturnoe-tvorchestvo/2015/04/23/proektn aya-rabota-literaturnyy-perevod-proizvedeniy
2. http://englsecrets.ru/vsyakaya-vsyachina/chto-takoe-onomatopoeia.htm I
3. http://litmasters.ru/pisatelskoe-masterstvo/zvukopodrazhanie.htm
4. Английские рифмовки, песенки стихи для детей. Москва: «Айрис пресс», 2001-87с.
5. lhttps://www.u-mama.ru/read/obaby/text/child-poems/3923.html

Thank you for attention! Before the new meet!



[^0]:    ■Отгадали ■Не отгадали

