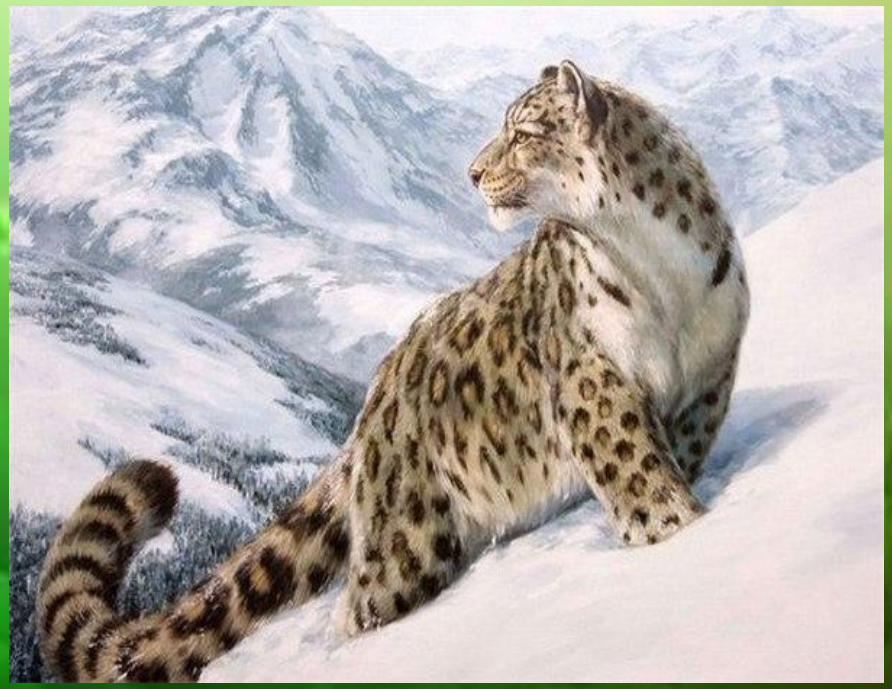
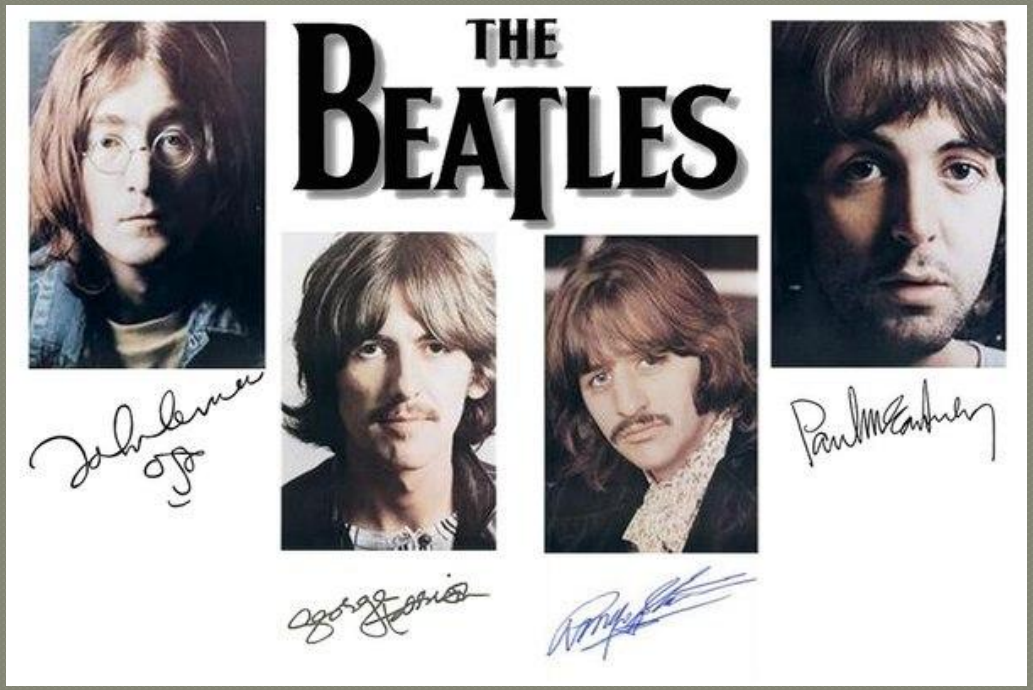
The flora and fauna of Kazakhstan



Внимание !

Phonetic exercise

- Song “Let it be”



Let it be	Мудрые слова	**Осылай болсын**
Broken-hearted	Темные времена	**Жараланған жүректермен**
Words of wisdom	Разбитые сердца	**Дана сөздер**
May be parted	Звуки музыки	**Олар айырылуы мүмкін**
Hour of darkness	Могут быть	**Түнелген күндері**
разлучены		
The sounds of music	Пришла ко мне	**Музыка әуені**
Comes to me	Да будет так	**Маған келді**

Although landlocked (the largest landlocked nation in the world) Kazakhstan is home to an astonishing variety of wildlife. Its fauna include rare species such as the saiga antelope, red bear, **snow leopard** and **golden eagle**

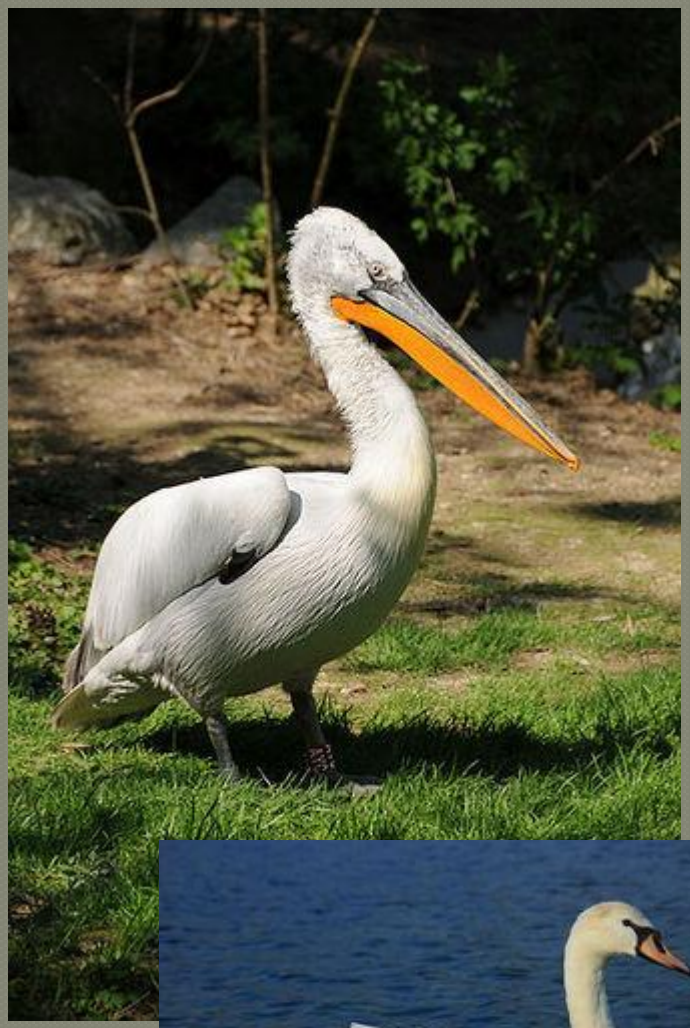
Portions of the Republic of Kazakhstan are in two continents: Europe and Asia. The largest independent Turkic state in Central Asia, Kazakhstan encompasses approximately 2.7 million square kilometers. The terrain is mainly treeless steppe and desert, with arid to semi-arid climates. Certain regions of Kazakhstan feature rocky canyons, snow-peaked mountains and conifer forests (taigas). Different wildlife species flourish in different regions of the country.

Birds of Kazakhstan are diverse. Large species such as vultures and eagles nest in the mountains. Observers in the steppes spot falcons, hawks, pheasants, grouse and partridges.

Kazakhstan maintains a number of nature reserves. The oldest, established in 1927, is Aksu-Zhabagly. Within its 85,000 hectares dwell some 50 mammal and 240 bird species, including the snow leopard, red bear and golden eagle.

In eastern Kazakhstan, Caspian deer and bears are among the more than 80 animal species in the Markakol Natural Reserve. A mountain lake is home to the unusual uskuch whitefish.

The rare white heron is a distinguished inhabitant of the Naurzum One reserve. Kurgaldzhino is remarkable for its rare bird species, including the **Mute Swan** and **Dalmatian Pelican** The Ustyurt Reserve is noted for its reptilians



Blue Spruce

The blue Tian Shan spruces are a true decoratiom of the Alatau mountains like candles , they rise upwards reaching heights of 40-50 metrs

Tulips

Tulips - one of the most beloved and popular bands spring flowering bulbs. Several thousand varieties, 15 classes and many new hybrid varieties of tulips, combines the advantages of different classes - are a great choice.

Rose

A rose is a woody perennial of the genus Rosa, within the family Rosaceae. There are over 100 species. They form a group of plants that can be erect shrubs, climbing or trailing with stems that are often armed with sharp prickles.

Rose

VI.Making a scheme

1. How many species of animals does Kazakhstan have?
2. How many species of birds, reptiles, amphibians, mammals does Kazakhstan have?

VI.Making a scheme

1. How many species of piants does Kazakhstan have?

To protect these animals

In this book there are many animals. There are many fish, birds and animals. They are in danger. We must defend these animals because they are very rare or extinct. We have in our land 9 reserves.

They a: Aksu-Zhabagaly, Almaty, Markhakol, the West Altay, Khorgalzhyn, Nauryzym, Barsakelmes, Usturt, Karatau, Alakol. In these reserves there are many animals and people work with animals all day.

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Do the exercize: TRUE or FALSE

		TRUE	FALSE
1	A camel can live without water.		
2	The cleverest animal is a horse		
3	Tigers and lions are the cleverest animals in the world.		
4	A camel lives in the desert. It needs little water.		
5	A tiger is a small cat and it is weak.		

Bloom's cube

1 Why
2 Explain
3 Call
4 Offer
5 Think up
6 Share

Complete the table “Insert”

I know	I knew	I want to know

PUNCTUATION MARKS

(.) FULL STOP
(,) COMMA
(:) COLON
(;) SEMI-COLON
(’) APOSTROPHE
(!) EXCLAMATION MARK
(?) QUESTION MARK

(“ ”) INVERTED COMMAS
(-) HYPHEN
(...) ELLIPSIS
(_) DASH
( ) PARENTHESIS
[ ] BRAKETS
(/) SLASH

Reflection

- What can you tell me about today's lessons?
- What is sensible useful…?

Home work

Retelling“The flora and fauna of Kazakhstan”