

*Презентация по английскому
языку на тему:*

«The Kremlin»

The Kremlin is the heart of Moscow.



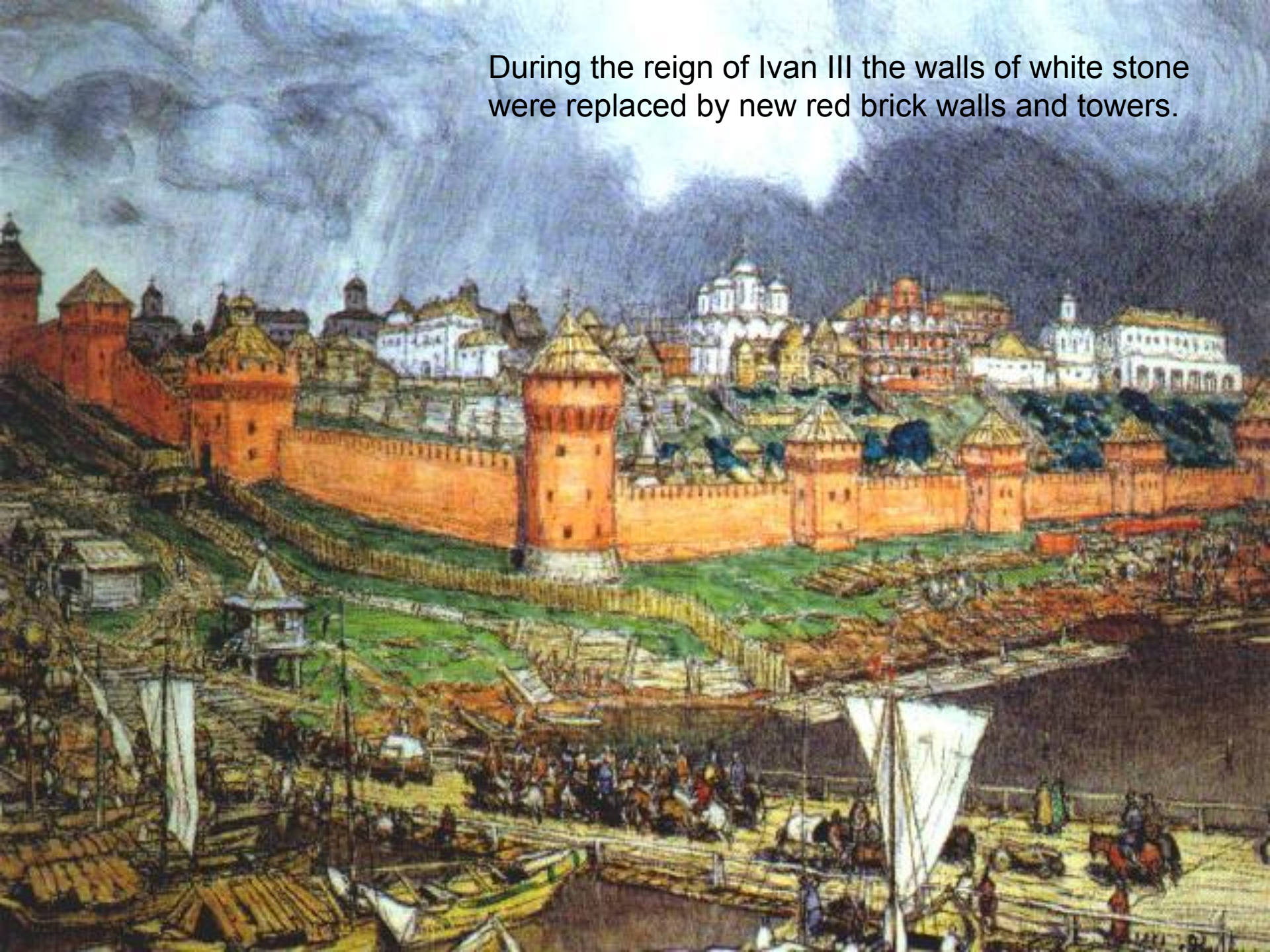
First it was a wooden fortress



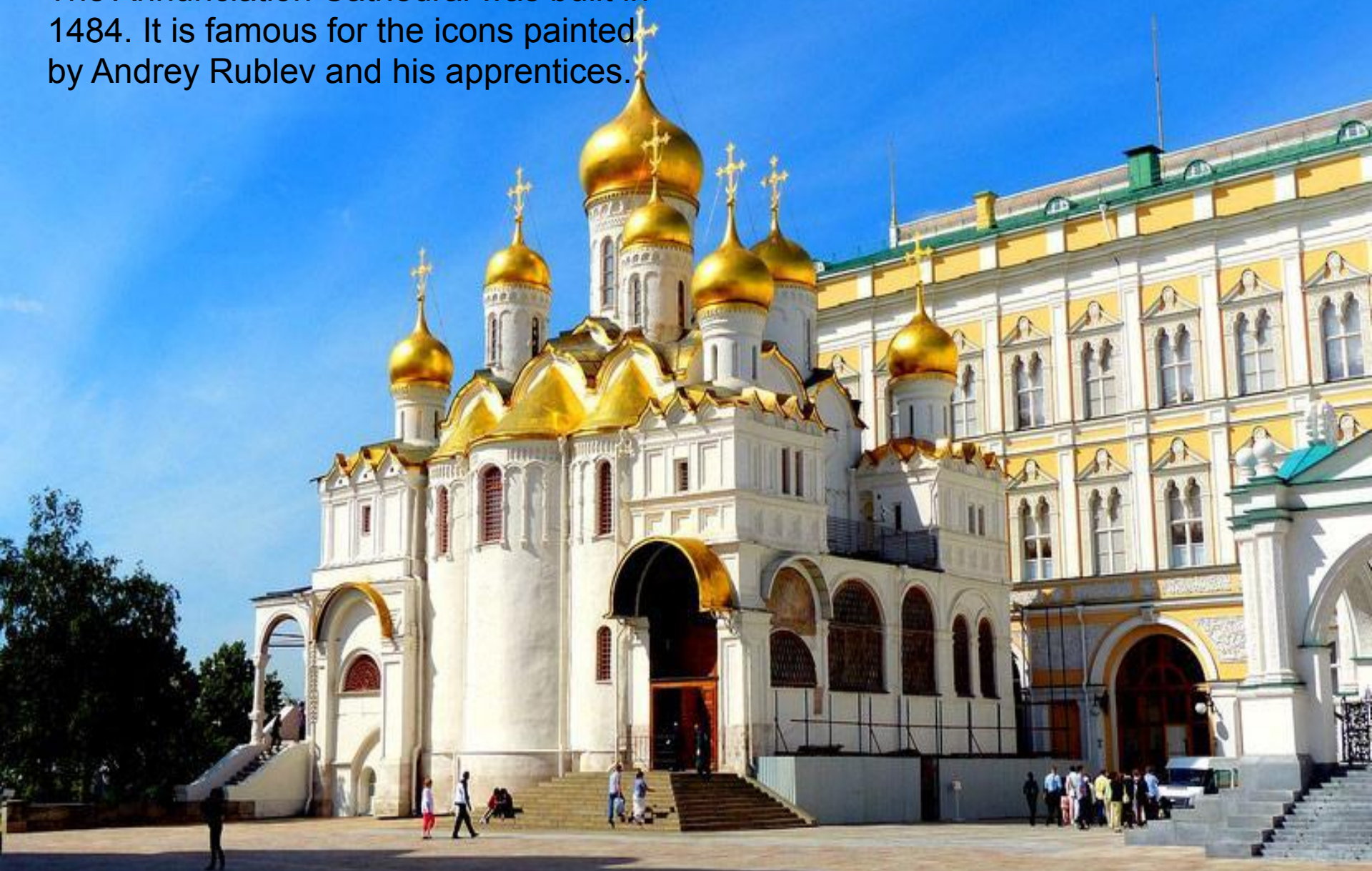
Under Dmitry Donskoy the Kremlin was built of white stone.



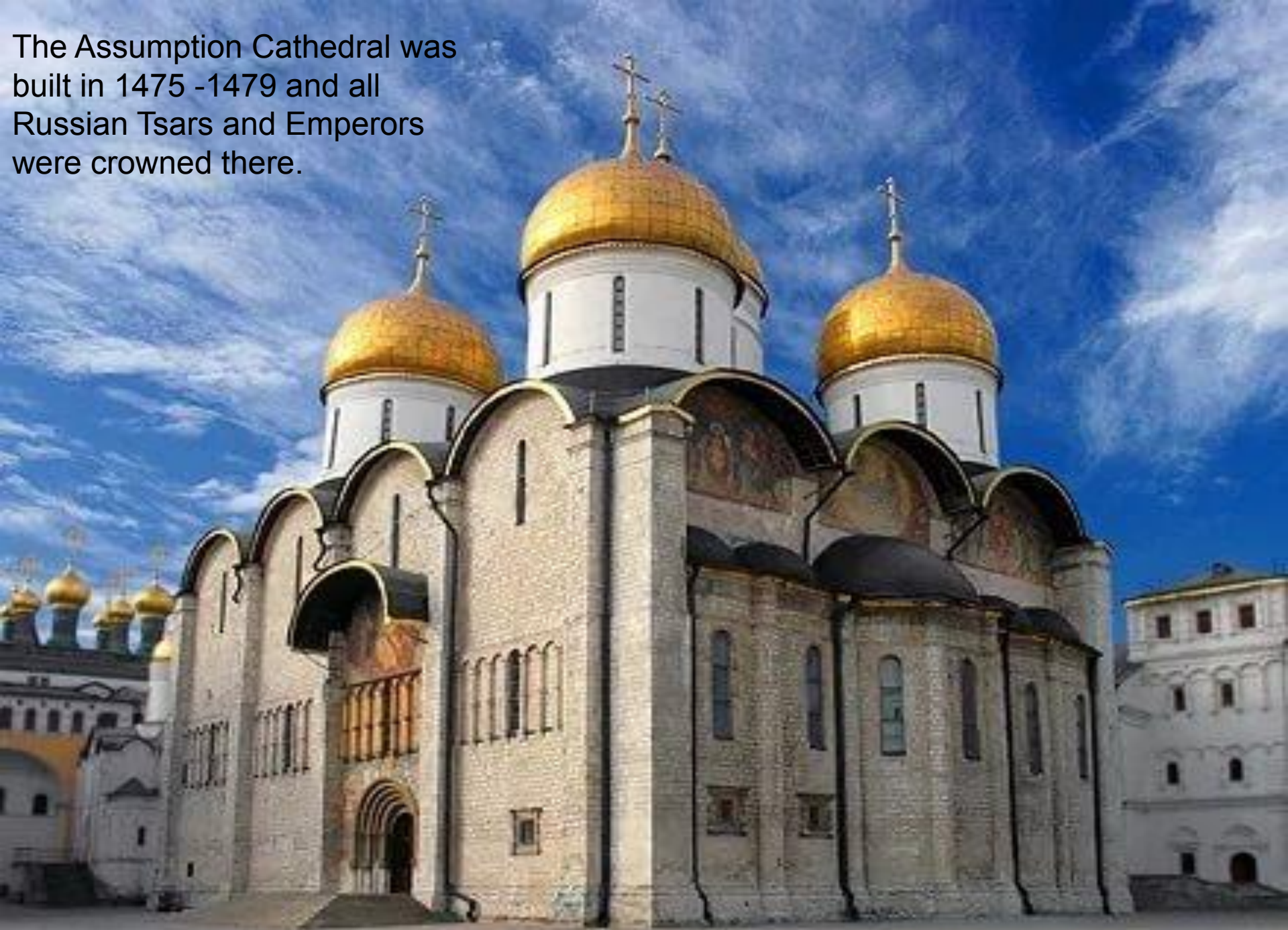
During the reign of Ivan III the walls of white stone were replaced by new red brick walls and towers.



The Annunciation Cathedral was built in 1484. It is famous for the icons painted by Andrey Rublev and his apprentices.



The Assumption Cathedral was built in 1475 -1479 and all Russian Tsars and Emperors were crowned there.



Another fine example of Russian architecture is the Faceted Palace. It was built in 1487-91.



On the stone pedestal at the foot of the Bell Tower there is a Tsar-Bell – the largest bell in the world. Not far from it one can see a Tsar Cannon.



One of the well-known Kremlin museums is the Armory Chamber. It was built in 1851. The famous golden cap of Monomach, the first Russian imperial crown of Catherine II, made of gilt silver and many other precious historical items are exhibited there

