

Речь какого-нибудь лица, передаваемая буквально так, как она была произнесена, называется прямой речью (direct speech).

Речь, передаваемая не слово в слово, а только по содержанию, в виде дополнительных придаточных предложений, называется косвенной речью (reported speech).

#### ПРАВИЛО СОГЛАСОВАНИЯ ВРЕМЕН

Если в прямой речи слова автора выражены прошедшим временем, то при переводе прямой речи в косвенную придаточное предложение подчиняется правилу согласования времен

John said: "I live in New York."

John said (that) *he lived* in New York

Bob said: "I am learning French."
Bob said he was learning French

Ann said:"Jack went home."
Ann said Jack *had gone* home.



Ann **said**: "I **write** letters to my mum every week." Ann **said** that she **wrote** letters to her mum every week.

**Present Progressive** 

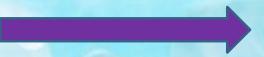


**Past Progressive** 

Nick **said**: "I **am** reading a book now."

Nick **said** that he **was** reading a book now.

**Past Simple** 



**Past Perfect** 

Tom **said**: "I **went** to Paris last year."

Tom **said** that he *had gone* to Paris last year.

#### **Present Perfect**



Past Perfect

Liz said: "I have just done the test."

Liz said that she had just done the test."

Present Perfect Progressive



Past Perfect Progressive

Sam **said**: "I **have** been living in London for 10 years already."

Sam **said** that he **had** been **living** in London for ten years already.



Dad **said**: "I **will** repair my car tomorrow."

Dad **said** that he **would** repair his car tomorrow.



David **said**: "It **was** raining when you called."
David **said** that it *had been raining* when I called.

#### Past perfect



Teacher **said**: "Jack London **had written** his book before he went to the north."

Teacher **said** that Jack London *had written* his book before he went to the north.

Past Perfect Progressive



Meg said: "I had been cooking dinner for half an hour when mum came."

Meg **said** that she *had been cooking* dinner for half an hour when mum came.

	PRESENT	PAST	FUTURE	FUTURE in the past
SIMPLE	<b>V</b> (S)	<b>V</b> 2	will <b>V</b>	would <b>V</b>
PROGRESSIVI	am is <b>V</b> ing are	Was <b>V</b> ing were	will be Ving	Would be Ving
PERFECT	have V 3	had V	will have	would be V 3
PERFECT PROGRESSIV	have been Ehas Ving	had been. Ving	will have been Ving	would have been Ving

#### Запомни



- 1. He said:"I can't translate *this* article." He said he couldn't translate *that* article.
- 2. He said:"I was here yesterday."
  He said that he had been there the day before.
- 3.He said: "I will do *this* work *tomorrow*." He said that he would do *that* work *the next day*.
- 4. He said: "I have birthday today". He said that he had birthday that day.

# Перевод в косвенную речь вопросов

При переводе общего вопроса в косвенную речь слова автора присоединяются к непосредственно прямой речи союзами *if* и *whether.* (ЛИ)

- В придаточном предложении в косвенной речи сохраняется **прямой порядок слов** подлежащее + сказуемое + второстепенные члены предложения.
- Перевод подчиняется правилу согласования времен.

Sasha **asked** Tom: "Have you been to Moscow?" Sasha **asked** Tom **if** he had been to Moscow.

- 1. He asked me: "Why have you come so late?" He asked me why I had come so late.
- 2. He asked me: "Where do you live?" He asked me where I lived.

- 3. She asked:"Did John read the book?" She asked *if* John *had read* the book.
- 4. He asked me: "Will you be here tomorrow?"
  He asked me whether I would be there the next day.



## Переведи в косвенную речь

- Ann asked: "Do you speak French?"
   Ann asked if I spoke English.
- 2. Tom asked: "Are you busy now?" Tom asked if I was busy then.
- 3. John asked: "Will Kate go to school?"

  John asked whether Kate would go to school.
- 4. Sam asked: "Did Mike call you?" Sam asked if Mike called me.
- 5. Pete asked: "Does Nick play tennis?"
  Pete asked whether Nick played tennis.
- 6. John asked: "What are you doing?' John asked what I was doing.
- 7. Teacher asked: "Who is on duty?" Teacher asked who was on duty.

## Перевод просьб

- 1. Если прямая речь приказание, то глагол *to say сказать* в словах, вводящих прямую речь, заменяется глаголом to tell *велеть*, to order *приказывать*. Если прямая речь просьба, то глагол *to say* заменяется глаголом to ask *просить*.
- 2. Повелительное наклонение заменяется в косвенной речи *инфинитивом*. Отрицательная форма заменяется *инфинитивом* с частицей *not*.

1.She said to him:"Come at five o'clock. I miss you"
She told him to come at five o'clock.

2. I said to her:"Please bring me a glass of water."

I asked her to bring me a glass of water.



#### Choose the correct verb form

- 1. The doctor said to me that I (shall/should) rest for a week.
- 2. He said that he (is going/was going) to learn Spanish.
- 3. He said that they (were/ had been) friends at school.
- 4. She asked if her knowledge of French (is/was) good.
- 5. The teacher asked who (is/was) present (that day/today)
- 6. He asked me where I (study/studied).
- 7. Mother ordered (not to play/to not play) in the street.

## Keys

- 1. The doctor said to me that I would rest for a week.
- 2. He said that he was going to learn Spanish.
- 3. He said that they had been friends at school.
- 4. She asked if her knowledge of French was good.
- 5. The teacher asked who was present that day.
- 6. He asked me where I studied.
- 7. Mother ordered **not to play** in the street

## Put them into Reported speech

- 1. "I'm going to the seaside soon," she said.
- 2. "Does this bus stop next station?" asked Helen.
- 3. He asked her:"Are you working now?"
- 4. The teacher asked:"Can you play the piano?"
- 5. I asked her:"Why are you late?"
- 6. "Who has broken the window?" the teacher asked.
- 7. "Look at this paper" he said.
- 8. "Don't go alone in the evening," she said.

#### Keys

- 1. She said that she was going to the seaside soon.
- 2. Helen asked if that bus stopped following station.
- 3. He asked her if she was working then.
- 4. The teacher asked if I could play the piano.
- 5. I asked why she was late.
- 6. The teacher asked who had broken the window.
- 7. He said to look at that paper.
- 8. The teacher told not to go alone in the evening.

# Использованные ресурсы

www.english.zolotoyklad.ru/index.php?option=com\_cont ent&view=article&id=104:-30&catid=3:2011-02-20-14-1 4-02&Itemid=5

<u>www.homeenglish.ru/Grammarseq.htm</u> <u>www.native-english.ru/grammar/sequence-of-tenses</u>

www.study-english.info/exercises001.php

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