

THE THEME:

“ACROSS THE SIGHTS OF LONDON”



Цель урока: развитие социокультурной компетенции, расширение и углубление знаний по теме «Посещение достопримечательностей Лондона»

Задачи урока:

Образовательные:

- а) практика речевой деятельности: чтение, аудирование, письмо;
- б) активизация лексики по теме «Посещение достопримечательностей Лондона», расширение словарного запаса;
- в) развитие коммуникативной компетенции учащихся;
- г) закрепление грамматического материала по теме «Страдательный залог»

Воспитательные:

- а) развитие интереса к изучению иностранного языка;
- б) знакомство учащихся с достопримечательностями столицы Великобритании;
- в) приобщение к культурному и историческому наследию народа страны изучаемого языка.



- ▶ the United Kingdom
- ▶ Great Britain
- ▶ Northern Ireland
- ▶ the British Isles
- ▶ the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
- ▶ England, Scotland, Wales
- ▶ London
- ▶ Big Ben
- ▶ The Tower of London
- ▶ St. Paul's Cathedral
- ▶ Westminster Abbey
- ▶ the Houses of Parliament
- ▶ Buckingham Palace
- ▶ Trafalgar Square

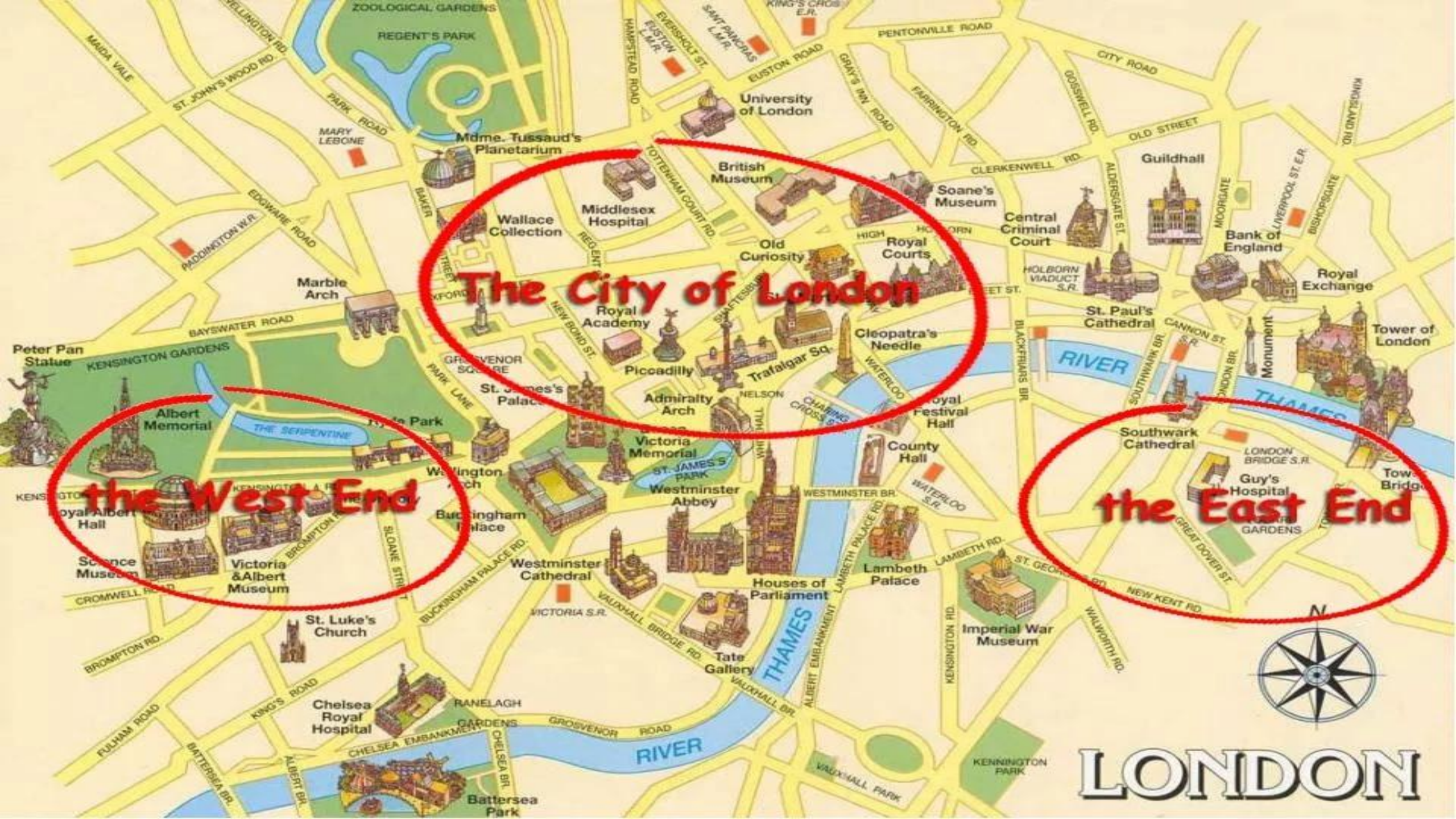


Answer the following questions:

- ▶ What is the official name of Great Britain?
- ▶ What parts of Great Britain do you know?
- ▶ Where is Great Britain located?
- ▶ What are the main cities of the country?
- ▶ Who is the head of Great Britain?
- ▶ What's her name?







The City of London

the West End

the East End

LONDON

The City is the oldest part of London, its financial and business centre. There are many offices, companies and banks in this part of the capital. The heart of the City is the Stock Exchange. The Tower of London and St Paul's Cathedral are situated in the City.





The East End



The East End is the part of London where working people live. It is not as rich as other parts of London.







London Transport



Bus



Taxi



Underground

Getting To London



Train



Aeroplane

ROUTING SHEET

the Houses of Parliament and Big Ben



Westminster Abbey



Buckingham Palace



Trafalgar Square



The Tower of London



The Houses of Parliament





the Victoria Tower

the Clock Tower.



The Union Flag is flying from the Victoria Tower, indicating that Parliament is sitting.







© Ken Kaminesky



Big Ben





Benjamin Hall



Foto: Web



Westminster Abbey



- ▣ It's the Royal church.
- ▣ It's the place of coronation of all the British kings and queens. Elizabeth II was coronated there in 1953
- ▣ A lot of famous writers, poets, painters, scientists are buried there.















Queen Elizabeth's Tomb

CHARLES ROBERT DARWIN
BORN 12 FEBRUARY 1809
DIED 19 APRIL 1882



the Queen of the United Kingdom Elizabeth II

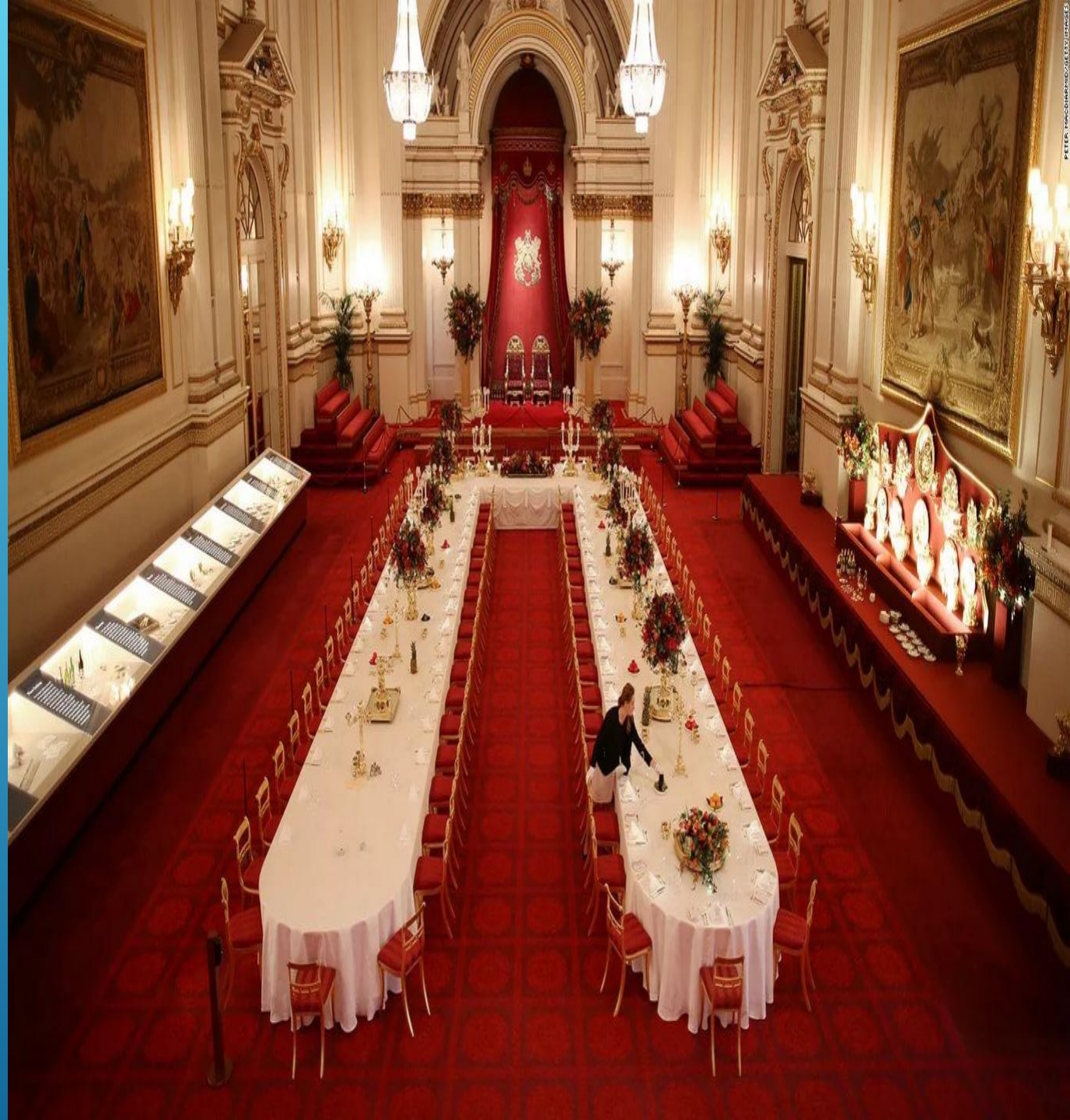


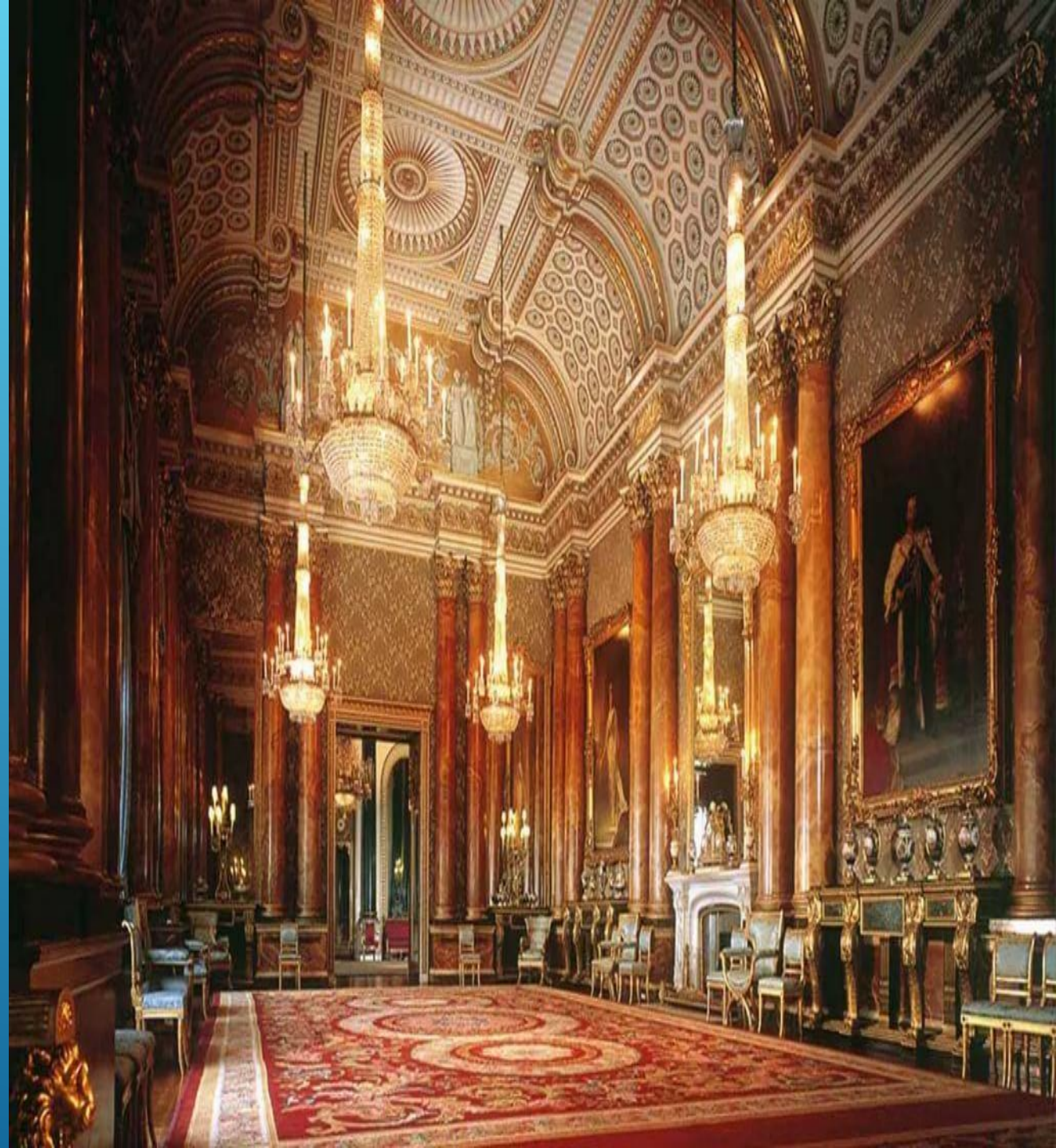
Buckingham palace















Trafalgar Square



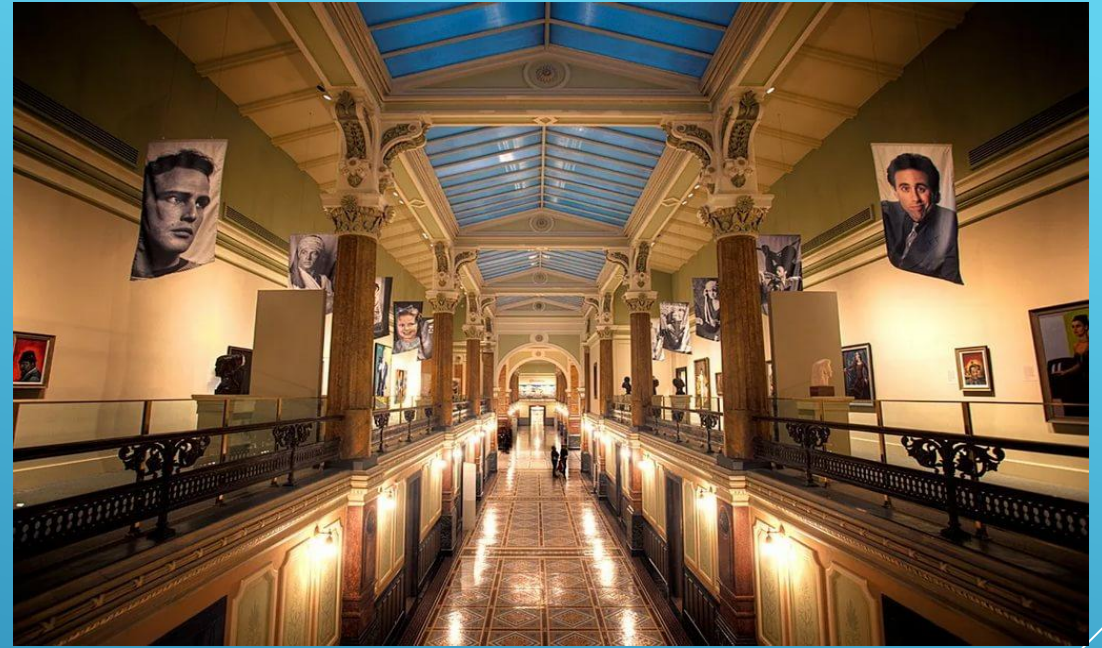
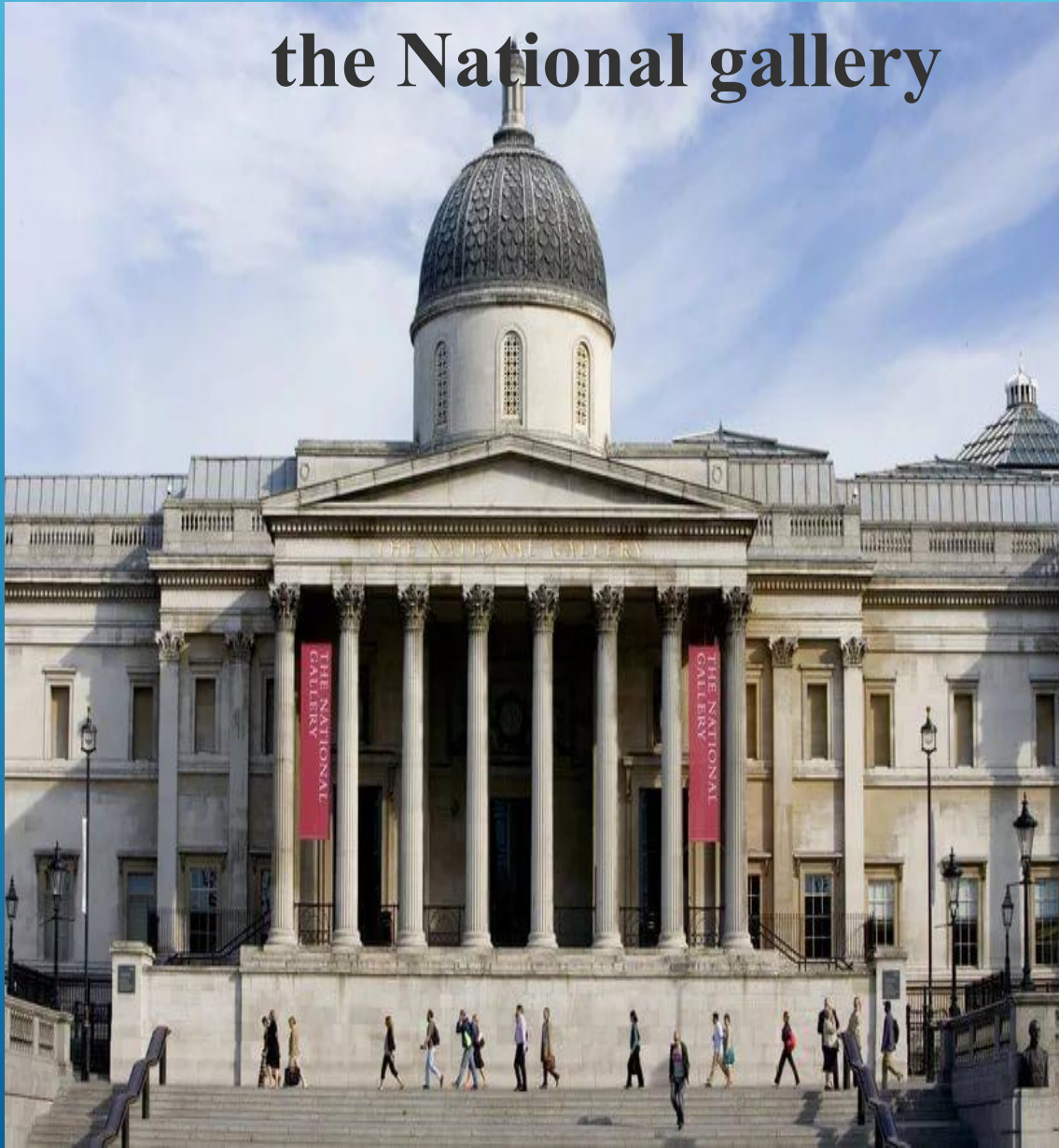


Trafalgar Square, Admiral Nelson's statue





the National gallery





shanemcdonald.org © 2004





THE TOWER OF LONDON





People say that
London is the key to England and
the Tower is the key to London







Present Simple Passive

am

is + past participle

are

English is spoken in many countries.

Are flowers grown in our garden?

The North Pole is not visited by tourists.

The Past Simple Passive

was + past participle

were

America was discovered in 1492

The book was sold last week.

Was the holiday celebrated last month?

Were new factories built in your city?

Moscow was not founded in the 16th century

The soup was not cooked by my father

Open the brackets in the following text using
Present Simple Passive or Past Simple Passive

The Tower of London

The Tower of London (**build**) by William the Conqueror in 1078 as a castle and palace. Since that time it (**expand**) to its present size, and (**use**) as an Armory, a zoo, a royal mint, a prison, and a museum. At the time when it was a prison a lot of people (**lock**) in the Tower for their religious beliefs or suspected treason. Some of the prisoners (**allow**) to walk in the grounds, live in comfortable rooms and receive visitors. Many convicted (**publicly/execute**) on Tower Hill. The Jewel House (**situate**) at the Tower. The collection of the Crown Jewels (**keep**) in it. Saint Edward's Crown, the Imperial State Crown, and the royal scepter (**guard**) there. Saint Edward's Crown (**use**) for the coronation ceremonies. 3000 precious jewels (**contain**) in the Imperial State Crown.

The Tower of London

The Tower of London **was built** by William the Conqueror in 1078 as a castle and palace. Since that time it **was expanded** to its present size, and **was used** as an Armory, a zoo, a royal mint, a prison, and a museum. At the time when it was a prison a lot of people **were locked** in the Tower for their religious beliefs or suspected treason. Some of the prisoners **were allowed** to walk in the grounds, live in comfortable rooms and receive visitors. Many convicted **were publicly executed** on Tower Hill. The Jewel House **is situated** at the Tower. The collection of the Crown Jewels **are kept** in it. Saint Edward's Crown, the Imperial State Crown, and the royal scepter **is guarded** there. Saint Edward's Crown **is used** for the coronation ceremonies. 3000 precious jewels **are contained** in the Imperial State Crown.

HOMEWORK:

MAKE UP A LIST OF PLACES
YOU WOULD LIKE TO VISIT.



What information have you known?

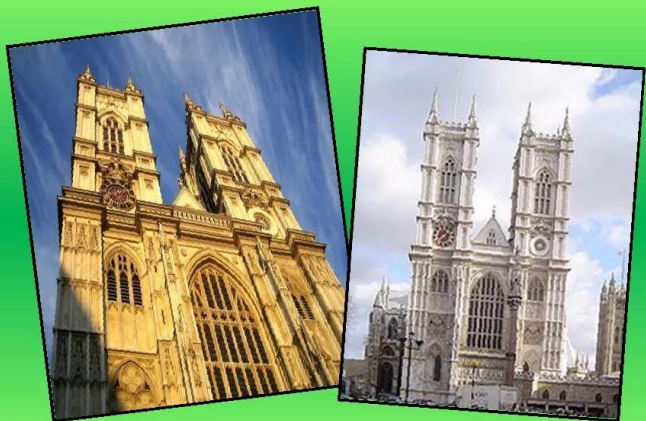
- ▶ At the lesson...
- ▶ We have learnt...
- ▶ We have listened about ...
- ▶ We have known...
- ▶ We have spoken ...






Londoners like to say:
“When a man is tired of London,
he is tired of life”

Жители Лондона любят говорить:
«Когда человек устает от Лондона, он
устает от жизни»



Our lesson is over.
Thank you for your work.
I hope you've enjoyed our lesson!

Three parallel white lines of varying lengths are positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, slanted diagonally upwards from left to right.