### Use:

 to put emphasis on the duration of an action which started in the past and continues up to the present.

She has been preparing for her exams since Monday.

for an action which started in the past and lasted for some time. It may still be continuing, or have finished, but it has left a visible result in the present.

He is tired because he has been dancing all night long.

to express anger, irritation or annoyance / criticism.

She has been using my computer without asking me.

for repeated actions in the past continuing to the present

He has put on the weight because he has been eating junk food every day since last month

### Time expressions

since

for

how long

just

already

yet

ever

never



l've you've we've

> he's he she's it's

> > Subject

you

we

the

have been

she

it

have been (I, you, we, they)

has been

has been (he, she, it)

waiting

building

eating

working

listening

doing

for smb.

houses

junk food

hard

to music

the work

Verb+ing V+ing

Object

have not you (haven't) we they he has not (hasn't) she it have not / haven't (I, you, we, they)

to Berlin gone built hundreds of houses my lunch eaten worked hard chess played finished the work

Subject has not / hasn't (he, she, it)

**Verb**<sub>3</sub>  $V_3$ 

Object

?

Have	you we	gone	to Berlin?
		built	hundreds of houses?
	they	eaten	my lunch?
		worked	hard?
Has	he	played	chess?
	she	finished	the work?
	it		

Have (I, you, we, they)
Has (he, she, it)

Subject S

Verb<sub>3</sub>

Object
Obj

have Where

How

Why

When

What

Who (about the object)

has

you

we

they

he

she

it

gone

built

eaten

worked

played

finished

to Berlin?

hundreds of houses?

my lunch?

hard?

chess?

the work?

have (I, you, we, they) Subject has (he, she, it)

**Verb**<sub>3</sub>  $V_3$ 

Object

?

What Who

(about
the
Subject)

has

gone

to Berlin?

built

hundreds of houses?

eaten

my lunch?

worked

hard?

played

chess?

finished

the work?

has

Verb<sub>3</sub>

Object Obj